



# 利用Web of Science 及科学计量学工具分析机构与个人的科研产出

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汤森路透科技与医疗集团

2010年12月27日



THOMSON REUTERS

# 演讲提纲

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- 科学计量学与引文分析
- Web of Science—科学研究与科研管理的重要工具
- 如何评估本机构的科研产出和影响力？
- 如何寻找学科关键人才？
- 如何评估某篇论文的影响力？
- 如何评估技术成果？
- 分析软件的综合利用
- 小结

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# 科学计量学与引文分析

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- 科学计量学

- 应用数理统计和计算技术等数学方法对科学活动的投入（如科研人员、研究经费）、产出（如论文数量、被引数量）等方面进行定量分析的方法；

- 引文分析方法

- 是指利用数学、统计学等方法对文献之间的引用关系进行分析，评价科学工作者和科研机构在科学研究中的贡献，追踪和研究科技发展、科技文献交流过程，检索、评价科技文献

# 用引文分析对科学研究进行评估的前提

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美国社会学家罗伯特·默顿 (Robert K. Merton): 《科学的规范结构》

文献引用的动机 Citation motivation: 原文献的科学价值  
Citation – Impact, Influence, Importance, Performance

- 结果要公开发表
- 在发表时科研人员要通过在论文中列出参考文献来说明他们是怎样依赖前人的工作的
- 学术文献被重要的期刊文献引用的次数是这一文献的影响或国际显著性的一种度量
  - Moed et al., The use of bibliometric data for the measurement of university research performance, Research Policy, 14, 131-149, 1985;
  - Oppenheim, C. Journal of Documentation, 1995

# 演讲提纲

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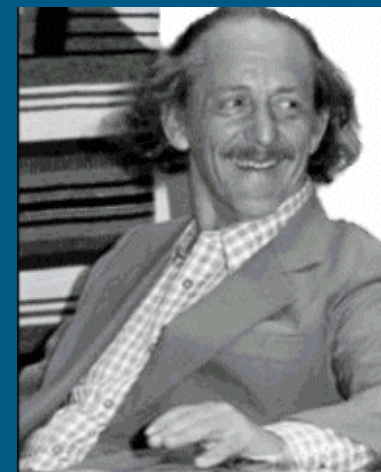
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# 引文索引的历史...

- Dr. Garfield 1955年在 *Science* 发表论文提出将引文索引作为一种新的文献检索与分类工具

将一篇文献作为检索字段从而跟踪一个Idea的发展过程

- 1963年出版 *Science Citation Index*
- 1973年出版 *Social Sciences Citation Index*
- 1978年出版 *Arts & Humanities Citation Index*

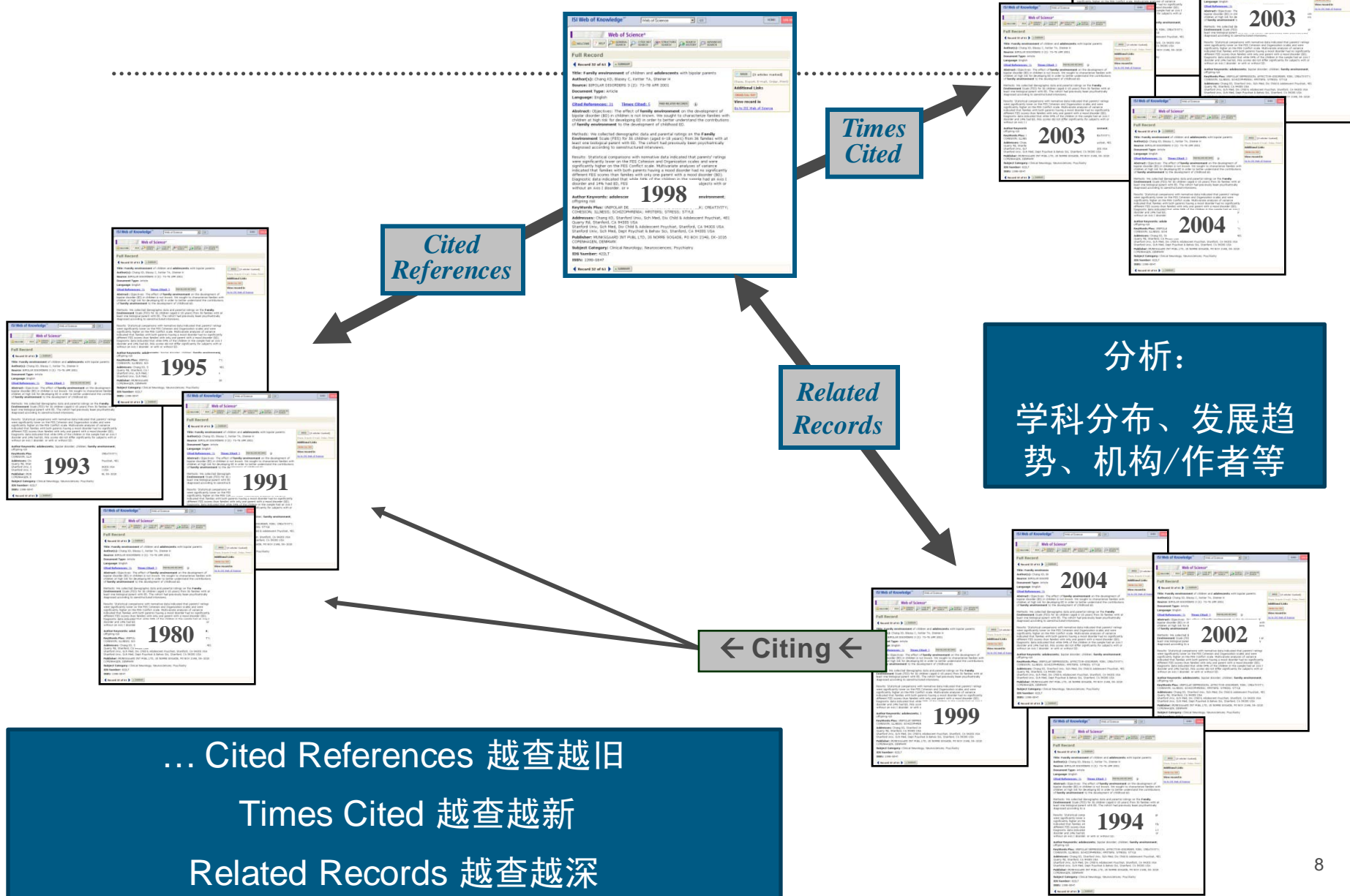


**Dr. Eugene Garfield**

Founder & Chairman Emeritus  
ISI, Thomson Scientific

“Our ultimate goal is to extend our retrospective coverage of the scientific literature back to the twentieth century. The Century of Science initiative makes that dream come true.”

# 从一篇高质量的文献出发 沿着科学研究的发展道路...



**Web of Science®**

**Full Record**

**1998**

**Family environment of children and adolescents with bipolar parents**

**Author(s):** Cheng, D., Taylor, T., D'Arcy, D.  
**Source:** JOURNAL OF AFFECTIVE DISORDERS 112(1-2): 179-186, 1998

**Abstract:** The clinical significance of the family environment of children and adolescents with bipolar parents is not known. We sought to characterize family environment in this population in order to better understand the contribution of family environment to the development of childhood BD.

**Keywords:** bipolar disorder; family environment; children; adolescents; bipolar disorder; family environment; childhood bipolar disorder

*Cited References*

*Times Cited*

*Related Records*

*← Citing ←*

**分析:**  
学科分布、发展趋势、机构/作者等

... Cited References 越查越旧  
Times Cited 越查越新  
Related Records 越查越深

# Web of Science

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- Science Citation Index Expanded, 8,200种 1900-
- Social Sciences Citation Index, 2,684种 1900-
- Arts & Humanities Citation Index, 1,452种 1975-

## 三大引文索引

- Conference Proceedings Citation Index, 110,000种 1990-
- Current Chemical Reactions, 1百万条化学反应 1840-
- Index Chemicus, 260万个化合物 1993-

# 三大引文索引 - 高质量的学术期刊文献

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您知道吗？三大引文索引只收录高质量的学术期刊

- Unique Data 数据的独特性保证了知识的发现
- 质量、广度、深度与100年来的学术引文回溯数据构成了其数据的独特性，揭示概念与技术的发展过程

# 全球利用 *Web of Science* 数据进行科研绩效评估的机构与报告

- ◆ US, NSF: biennial Science & Engineering Indicators report (1974 - )
- ◆ European Union, EC's DG XII (Research Directorate)
- ◆ UK, Office of Science & Technology; Higher Education Funding Council
- ◆ Canada, NSERC, FRSQ (Quebec), Alberta Research Council
- ◆ France, Min. de la Recherche, OST - Paris, CNRS
- ◆ Italy, CRUI (University Rectors) MURST (Ministry of Research, CNR)
- ◆ Spain, CSIC (Spanish Science Agency), CIRIT (Catalonia)
- ◆ Japan, National Institute of Informatics, Ministry of Education, Ministry of Economy, Trade & Industry
- ◆ People's Republic of China, ISTIC, Chinese Academy of Sciences
- ◆ Korea, Korea Research Foundation, Korea Advanced Inst. Of S&T
- ◆ Australia, Australian Academy of Science, government lab CSIRO
- ◆ New Zealand, S. Africa, Portugal, Ireland, Switzerland, Austria, Poland, Czech Republic, Singapore, Malaysia, Thailand, Sweden, Norway, Denmark, Finland, Mexico, Brazil, Chile, Argentina, Uruguay, Russia... and more!



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所有数据库

选择一个数据库

Web of Science

其他资源

使用上面的“所有数据库”选项卡检索所有数据库，或者从下面选择一个数据库。

### Web of Science®

**with Conference Proceedings** (1898-至今)

世界领先的自然科学、社会科学、艺术和人文领域的权威学术文献数据库；研究和分析国际会议、专题讨论会、研讨会、座谈会、研习会和代表会议的会议文集。

[\[更多内容\]](#)

**Current Contents Connect®** (1998-至今)

包含世界一流学术性期刊和图书的完整目录和题录信息，以及经过评估的相关网站和文献。

[\[更多内容\]](#)

**Derwent Innovations Index<sup>SM</sup>** (1963-至今)

包含 *Derwent World Patent Index®* 中的高附加值专利信息 and *Patents Citation Index®* 中的专利引用信息。

[\[更多内容\]](#)

**Biological Abstracts®** (1926-至今)

综合性的全球生命科学期刊文献索引，涵盖从植物学、微生物学到药理学等领域的丰富内容。

[\[更多内容\]](#)

**BIOSIS Previews®** (1926-至今)

生命科学与生物医学研究工具，内容涵盖临床前研究和试验研究、方法及仪器使用、动物学研究等。

[\[更多内容\]](#)

**CABI: CAB Abstracts® and Global Health®** (1910-至今)

提供农业、环境及应用生命科学相关的权威研究信息。

[\[更多内容\]](#)

**Food Science and Technology Abstracts<sup>TM</sup>** (1969-至今)

详尽收录了食品科学、食品技术及食品相关营养方面的学术研究和应用研究。

[\[更多内容\]](#)

**Inspec®** (1898-至今)

物理、电气/电子、工程、计算、控制工程和信息技术领域的全球期刊和会议索引。

[\[更多内容\]](#)

**MEDLINE®** (1950-至今)

U.S. National Library of Medicine® (NLM®)，美国国家医学图书馆主要的生命科学数据库。

[\[更多内容\]](#)

**Zoological Record®** (1864-至今)

世界领先的分类参考文献和历史最悠久的动物学数据库。

[\[更多内容\]](#)

**Web Citation Index<sup>TM</sup>** (1936-至今)

利用被引参考文献将检索技术，将经过专家评估、精选的知识库中的 Web 学术文献整合在一起。

[\[更多内容\]](#)

**Journal Citation Reports®** (1997-2007)

期刊影响因子提供了对全球主要期刊进行评估的系统、客观的方法。

[\[更多内容\]](#)

More information for new users

Thomson Scientific Sales

### 想查找 ISI Proceedings 数据?

目前在 *Web of Science* 中，会议录文献可通过 *Conference Proceedings Citation Index* 进行检索。使用强大的 *Web of Science* 功能检索、分析和共享会议录数据。[更多信息。](#)

### 为什么只选择一种数据库?

#### 精准检索

*ISI Web of Knowledge* 中的每个数据库都具有独特的内容和功能，包括专门的检索字段和受控词汇。

### 其他工具

#### Scientific WebPlus

通过科学方法快速查找相关的 Web 内容! 使用 *Scientific WebPlus*，可以在开放的 Web 页面中进行检索，并快速查看与您关心的主题关系最密切的内容。

# 某知名大学科研成果概览

- 截止到2009年3月24日，某知名大学共有科技论文9,944篇被Web of Science数据库收录

被引用次数最高的文章  
则是由化学与化学工程  
学院的陈小明教授等人  
于2002年发表在  
《CHEMISTRY-A  
EUROPEAN  
JOURNAL》上的论文，  
总被引次数达到260次。

The screenshot shows the ISI Web of Knowledge interface. At the top, it says 'ISI Web of Knowledge SM 领先一步'. Below that, there are navigation tabs for '所有数据库', '选择一个数据库', 'Web of Science', and '其他资源'. The search results are displayed for the query '地址=((sun yat-sen univ OR sun yat sen univ OR zhongshan univ) same (guangzhou or 510275or canton))'. The results list several articles, with the first one being the most cited:

1. 标题: Double-stranded helices and molecular zippers assembled from single-stranded coordination polymers directed by supramolecular interactions  
作者: Chen XM, Liu GF  
来源出版物: CHEMISTRY-A EUROPEAN JOURNAL 卷: 8 期: 20 页: 4811-4817 出版年: OCT 18 2002  
被引频次: 260
2. 标题: Metal-organic molecular architectures with 2,2'-bipyridyl-like and carboxylate ligands  
作者: Ye BH, Tong ML, Chen XM  
来源出版物: COORDINATION CHEMISTRY REVIEWS 卷: 249 期: 5-6 页: 545-565 出版年: MAR 2005  
被引频次: 233
3. 标题: Hydroxylation of N-heterocycle ligands observed in two unusual mixed-valence Cu-I/Cu-II complexes  
作者: Zhang XM, Tong ML, Chen XM  
来源出版物: ANGEWANDTE CHEMIE-INTERNATIONAL EDITION 卷: 41 期: 6 页: 1029-+ 出版年: 2002  
被引频次: 232
4. 标题: Clathration of two-dimensional coordination polymers: Synthesis and structures of [M(4,4'-bpy)(2)(H2O)(2)](ClO4)2 center dot (2,4'-bpy)(2) center dot H2O and [Cu(4,4'-bpy)(2)(H2O)(2)](ClO4)4 center dot (4,4'-H(2)Bpy) (M = Cd-II, Zn-II and bpy = bipyridine)  
作者: Tong ML, Ye BH, Cai JW, et al.  
来源出版物: INORGANIC CHEMISTRY 卷: 37 期: 11 页: 2645-2650 出版年: JUN 1 1998  
被引频次: 227
5. 标题: AN EVALUATION OF 3 CLUSTERING PROCEDURES FOR USE IN SYNOPTIC CLIMATOLOGICAL CLASSIFICATION  
作者: KALKSTEIN LS, TAN GR, SKINDLOV JA  
来源出版物: JOURNAL OF CLIMATE AND APPLIED METEOROLOGY 卷: 26 期: 6 页: 717-730 出版年: JUN 1987  
被引频次: 208
6. 标题: Structure-property relationships of irradiation grafted nano-inorganic particle filled polypropylene composites

# 对大学的研究成果进行多角度深入分析

ISI Web of Knowledge<sup>SM</sup> | Signed In 领先一步

<<< 返回结果列表 分析检索结果

168 records. Topic=("Giant Magnetoresistance")  
分析: Document Type=(REVIEW)

根据此字段排列记录:	分析:	设置显示选项:	排序方式:
机构名称 语种 出版年 来源出版物 学科类别	最多 500 条记录。	显示前 500 条结果。 最少记录数 (阈值): 2	<input type="radio"/> 记录数 <input type="radio"/> 已选字段

分析

对多达10万条记录从9个角度进行深入分析:

- 来源期刊
- 来源会议
- 学科领域
- 著者
- 出版年
- 研究机构
- 国家与地区
- 文献类型
- 文献语种

	字段:出版年	记录数	% , 共 6640	柱状图	
<input type="checkbox"/>	1931	2	0.0301 %		
<input type="checkbox"/>	1932	3	0.0452 %		
<input type="checkbox"/>	1974	3	0.0452 %		
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<input type="checkbox"/>	1979	55	0.8283 %		
<input type="checkbox"/>	1980	80	1.2048 %		
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<input type="checkbox"/>	1982	26	0.3916 %		
<input type="checkbox"/>	1983	17	0.2560 %		
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<input type="checkbox"/>	1985	181	2.7259 %		
<input type="checkbox"/>	1986	53	0.7982 %		
<input type="checkbox"/>	1987	88	1.3253 %		
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<input type="checkbox"/>	1989	79	1.1898 %		
<input type="checkbox"/>	1990	1	0.0151 %		
<input type="checkbox"/>	1991	5	0.0753 %		
<input type="checkbox"/>	1992	7	0.1054 %		
<input type="checkbox"/>	1993	3	0.0452 %		
<input type="checkbox"/>	1994	4	0.0602 %		
<input type="checkbox"/>	1997	3	0.0452 %		
<input type="checkbox"/>	1998	5	0.0753 %		
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<input type="checkbox"/>	2003	54	0.8133 %		
<input type="checkbox"/>	2004	117	1.7620 %		
<input type="checkbox"/>	2005	119	1.7922 %		
<input type="checkbox"/>	2006	131	1.9729 %		
<input type="checkbox"/>	2007	247	3.7199 %		
<input type="checkbox"/>	2008	3442	51.8373 %		
<input type="checkbox"/>	2009	1441	21.7018 %		

**文件下载** ✕

您想打开或保存此文件吗?

名称: analyze.txt  
 类型: 文本文档  
 从: pcs.isiknowledge.com

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来自 Internet 的文件可能对您有所帮助, 但某些文件可能危害您的计算机。如果您不信任其来源, 请不要打开或保存该文件。有何风险?



analyze.txt - Microsoft Excel

开始 插入 页面布局 公式 数据 审阅 视图 加载项

宋体 11 A A 自动换行 常规

B I U 合并后居中 条件格式 套用 单元格 插入 删除 格式

剪贴板 字体 对齐方式 数字 样式 单元格 编辑

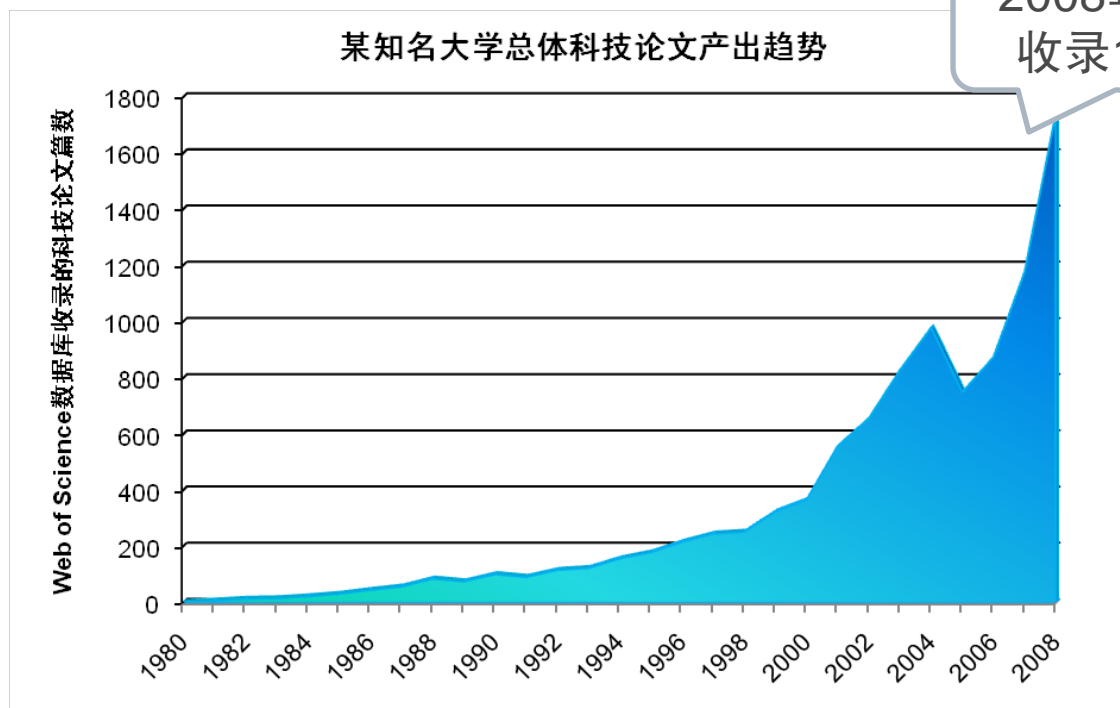
A1 = Publication Year

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	Publication Year	Record Count	% of 20906										
2	1979	1	0.00%										
3	1980	2	0.01%										
4	1981	5	0.02%										
5	1982	2	0.01%										
6	1983	13	0.06%										
7	1984	18	0.09%										
8	1985	30	0.14%										
9	1986	35	0.17%										
10	1987	68	0.33%										
11	1988	91	0.44%										
12	1989	61	0.29%										
13	1990	55	0.26%										
14	1991	56	0.27%										
15	1992	99	0.47%										
16	1993	107	0.51%										
17	1994	81	0.39%										
18	1995	107	0.51%										
19	1996	125	0.60%										
20	1997	177	0.85%										
21	1998	254	1.22%										
22	1999	316	1.51%										
23	2000	520	2.49%										
24	2001	716	3.42%										
25	2002	888	4.25%										
26	2003	1241	5.94%										
27	2004	1888	9.03%										
28	2005	2326	11.13%										
29	2006	2923	13.98%										
30	2007	3261	15.60%										
31	2008	3753	17.95%										
32	2009	1687	8.07%										
33													
34													
35													
36													

analyze 就绪 100%

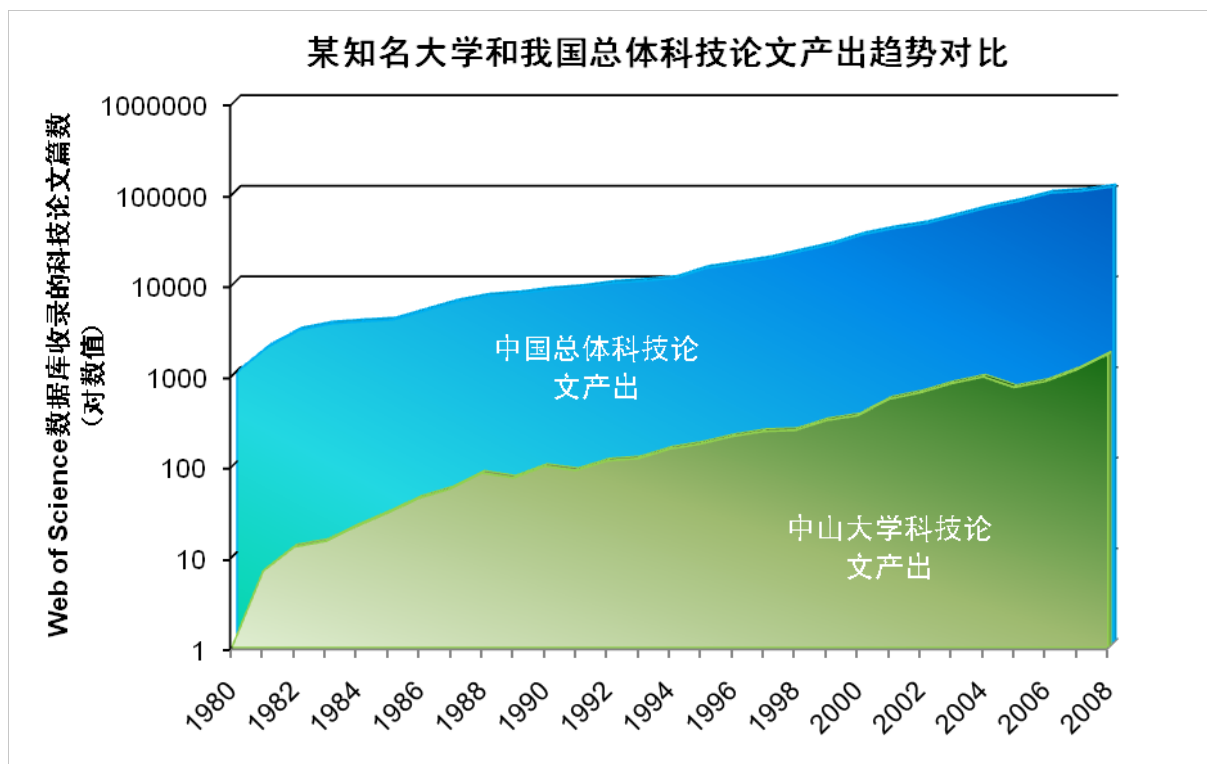
# 某知名大学科研成果增长趋势

- 1980年以来，某知名大学的科研活动主要经历了3次大的飞跃，它们的起点分别在1995年、2001年和2006年，其中每一个阶段都比前一次呈现出更高的增长速度。



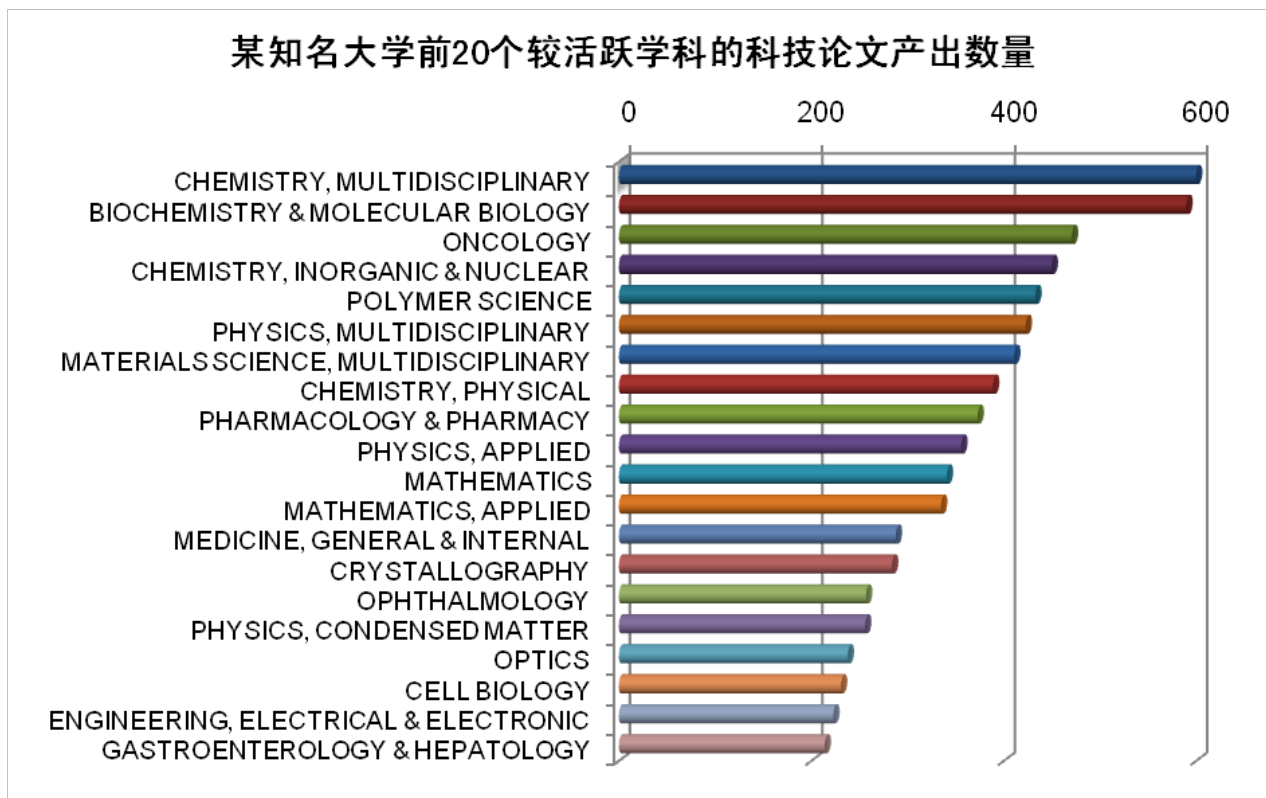
# 某知名大学科研成果与中国总体对比分析

- 在我国科技事业突飞猛进的今天，某知名大学的科技论文数量在30多年中始终保持与国家总体产出相一致的增长态势。



# 某知名大学较为活跃的学科领域

- 化学、分子生物学是某知名大学最为活跃的几个研究领域



# 某知名大学杰出的学科带头人

- 进一步分析显示：某教授是某知名大学中科研成果被Web of Science收录最多的学者之一，共有283篇科技论文。

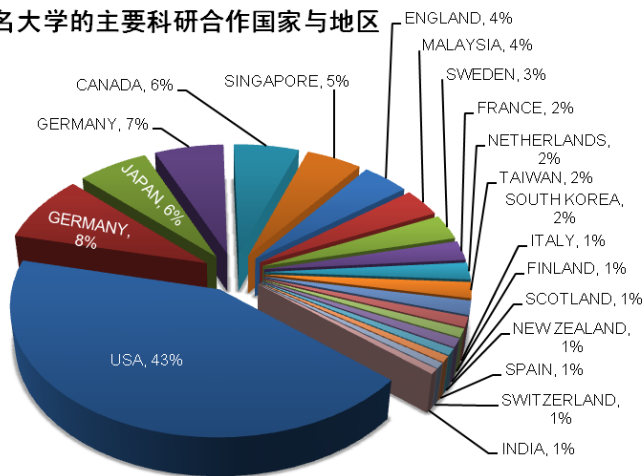
The screenshot displays the ISI Web of Knowledge interface. On the left, a list of authors is shown with checkboxes for selection. The author 'CHEN, XM' is highlighted with an orange box. The main content area shows the search results for 'CHEN, XM', including a citation report and two bar charts: '每年的出版物' (Annual Publications) and '每年的引文' (Annual Citations). The citation report includes statistics such as '找到结果数: 283', '被引频次总计: 7,753', and 'h-index: 48'. Below the charts, there is a table of search results with columns for year, count, and average citation frequency.

年份	数量	平均引用次数/年
2005	1047	323.04
2006	1159	
2007	1315	
2008	1602	
2009	387	
合计	7,753	323.04
2005 (Item 1)	37	32.50
2005 (Item 2)	10	46.60

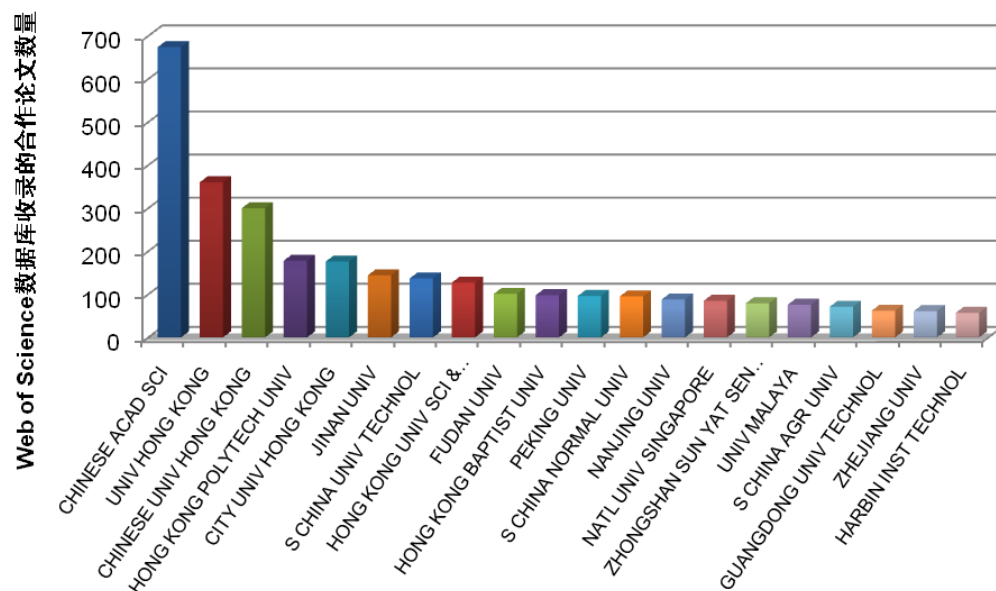
# 某知名大学的科研合作

- 科研合作关系是开放办学和大学国际化的重要因素，其意义在于“资源整合、优势互补、任务分担、成果共享”。

某知名大学的主要科研合作国家与地区



某知名大学在全世界范围内的主要科研合作机构



所有数据库

选择一个数据库

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More information  
for new users

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### 分析工具:

#### Journal Citation Reports®

期刊影响因子提供了对全球主要期刊进行评估的系统、客观的方法。

- 提供基于引文数据的量化统计信息
- 帮助确定一个出版物在全球科研界的影响力
- 包括期刊和学科分类数据

#### Essential Science Indicators<sup>SM</sup>

深层次分析工具提供了对科学家、机构、国家/地区和期刊进行排序的数据。

- 依据期刊文章出版数量和引文数据，探索科学绩效统计和科学趋向数据
- 确定特定研究领域的研究成果和影响
- 评估潜在的雇员、合作者、评审人和同行

### Web 检索工具:

#### Scientific WebPlus

通过科学方法快速查找相关的 Web 内容! 使用 *Scientific WebPlus*，可以在开放的 Web 页面中进行检索，并快速查看与您关心的主题关系最密切的内容。

### 管理工具:

### 网站:

#### ISI HighlyCited.com<sup>SM</sup>

该网站是免费的，并且专业化程度极高，利用引文数据，提供目前出版的有关最重要的科学家和学者的全面信息。

#### BiologyBrowser

为生命科学信息界提供免费的资料和链接的数据库。

#### Index to Organism Names

世界上最大的在线科学生物物种名称数据库。

#### ResearcherID.com

ResearcherID 为全球科研界提供具有重要价值的作者信息索引。每位在编作者都有一个唯一的编号，用作快捷标识符。

#### Science Watch®

每周跟踪免费网络资源中的热点、新涌现的论文和研究前沿，从而进行科学评价和分析。这些网络资源包括访谈、以第一人称撰写的评论、播客以及科学家、期刊、机构和国家/地区的概要信息，使用来自 Thomson Reuters 的 *Essential Science Indicators<sup>SM</sup>* 可按自己所需对这些资源进行筛选。

#### Thomson Scientific

进一步了解为学术、商业和研发界提供的信息化解决方案。

### 如何使用这些资源?

这些产品和网站提供与研究相关的各种数据和分析。

有关更多信息，请参阅“帮助”。

# 某大学十年来的科研产出和影响力

ISI Web of Knowledge<sup>SM</sup>

Essential Science Indicators<sup>SM</sup>



1999年1月~2009年2月

## FIELD RANKINGS FOR ZHEJIANG UNIV

Display items with at least:  Citation(s)

Sorted by: Citations

1 - 11 (of 11) Page 1 of 1

	View	Field	Papers	Citations	Citations Per Paper
1		<a href="#">CHEMISTRY</a>	7,131	31,817	4.46
2		<a href="#">PHYSICS</a>	3,465	17,190	4.96
3		<a href="#">MATERIALS SCIENCE</a>	2,363	10,139	4.29
4		<a href="#">ENGINEERING</a>	2,176	7,034	3.23
5		<a href="#">CLINICAL MEDICINE</a>	1,697	6,583	3.88
6		<a href="#">PLANT &amp; ANIMAL SCIENCE</a>	1,246	6,547	5.25
7		<a href="#">BIOLOGY &amp; BIOCHEMISTRY</a>	995	4,884	4.91
8		<a href="#">ENVIRONMENT/ECOLOGY</a>	800	4,128	5.16
9		<a href="#">PHARMACOLOGY &amp; TOXICOLOGY</a>	546	2,821	5.17
10		<a href="#">AGRICULTURAL SCIENCES</a>	645	2,704	4.19
11		<a href="#">COMPUTER SCIENCE</a>	1,069	1,465	1.37
		<a href="#">ALL FIELDS*</a>	24,177	104,333	4.32

1 - 11 (of 11) Page 1 of 1

\* Includes data for all papers from ranked and unranked fields.

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# 某知名大学的全球影响力

- 通过分析所有学科领域的数据，可以看到：某知名大学在全球前1%研究机构中，论文总数排名656位，总被引次数排名1142。

ISI Web of Knowledge™  
Essential Science Indicators™

WELCOME ? HELP RETURN TO MENU ISI-CITES

**论文排名**

INSTITUTION RANKINGS IN (ALL FIELDS)

Display items with at least: 0 Citation(s)

Sorted by: Papers SORT AGAIN

641 - 660 (of 4102) Page 33 of 206

View	Institution	Papers	Citations	Citations Per Paper
641	NATL UNIV LA PLATA	4,691	30,344	6.47
642	JAMES COOK UNIV N QUEENSLAND	4,690	45,820	9.77
643	UNIFORMED SERV UNIV HLTH SCI	4,686	73,921	15.77
644	UNIV IDAHO	4,685	43,543	9.29
645	MONTANA STATE UNIV	4,684	59,956	12.80
646	CHULALONGKORN UNIV	4,670	25,127	5.38
647	UNIV NANTES	4,669	38,678	8.28
648	UNIV WYOMING	4,666	48,144	10.32
649	ELL LILLY & CO	4,664	104,256	22.35
650	NATL CTR ATMOSPHER RES	4,664	98,579	21.14
651	UNIV NAPLES 2	4,649	45,100	9.70
652	YOKOHAMA CITY UNIV	4,643	60,022	12.93
653	KUWAIT UNIV	4,626	21,719	4.69
654	UNIV NANCY 1	4,601	37,740	8.20
655	NAGOYA INST TECHNOL	4,572	24,006	5.25
656	SUN YAT SEN UNIV	4,572	22,632	4.95
657	WARSAW UNIV TECHNOL	4,564	25,853	5.66
658	UNIV UDINE	4,560	44,416	9.74
659	TOTTORI UNIV	4,529	39,719	8.77
660	NAGOYA CITY UNIV	4,522	53,404	11.81

641 - 660 (of 4102) Page 33 of 206

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**影响力排名**

INSTITUTION RANKINGS IN (ALL FIELDS)

Display items with at least: 0 Citation(s)

Sorted by: Citations SORT AGAIN

1141 - 1160 (of 4102) Page 58 of 206

View	Institution	Papers	Citations	Citations Per Paper
1141	OITA UNIV	2,900	22,664	7.82
1142	SUN YAT SEN UNIV	4,572	22,632	4.95
1143	CLARKSON UNIV	2,186	22,630	10.35
1144	UNIV MONTPELLIER	1,779	22,591	12.70
1145	TOKYO METROPOLITAN GERIATR HOSP & INST GERONTOL	1,559	22,564	14.47
1146	UNIV PECS	2,638	22,558	8.55
1147	OAKLAND UNIV	2,057	22,544	10.96
1148	UNIV NACL CORDOBA	3,468	22,542	6.50
1149	GYEONGSANG NATL UNIV	3,700	22,541	6.09
1150	BOWLING GREEN STATE UNIV	2,586	22,525	8.71
1151	HENNEPIN CTY MED CTR	1,029	22,520	21.89
1152	RABIN MED CTR	2,441	22,496	9.22
1153	CHARING CROSS HOSP	1,286	22,493	17.49
1154	NOVARTIS RES FDN	569	22,493	39.53
1155	INST PUBL HLTH	1,182	22,477	19.02
1156	HARBIN INST TECHNOL	8,842	22,463	2.54
1157	SRI INT	1,557	22,436	14.41
1158	SW FDN BIOMED RES	1,090	22,383	20.53
1159	FLORIDA ATLANTIC UNIV	2,898	22,311	7.70
1160	COLORADO SCH MINES	2,782	22,271	8.01

1141 - 1160 (of 4102) Page 58 of 206

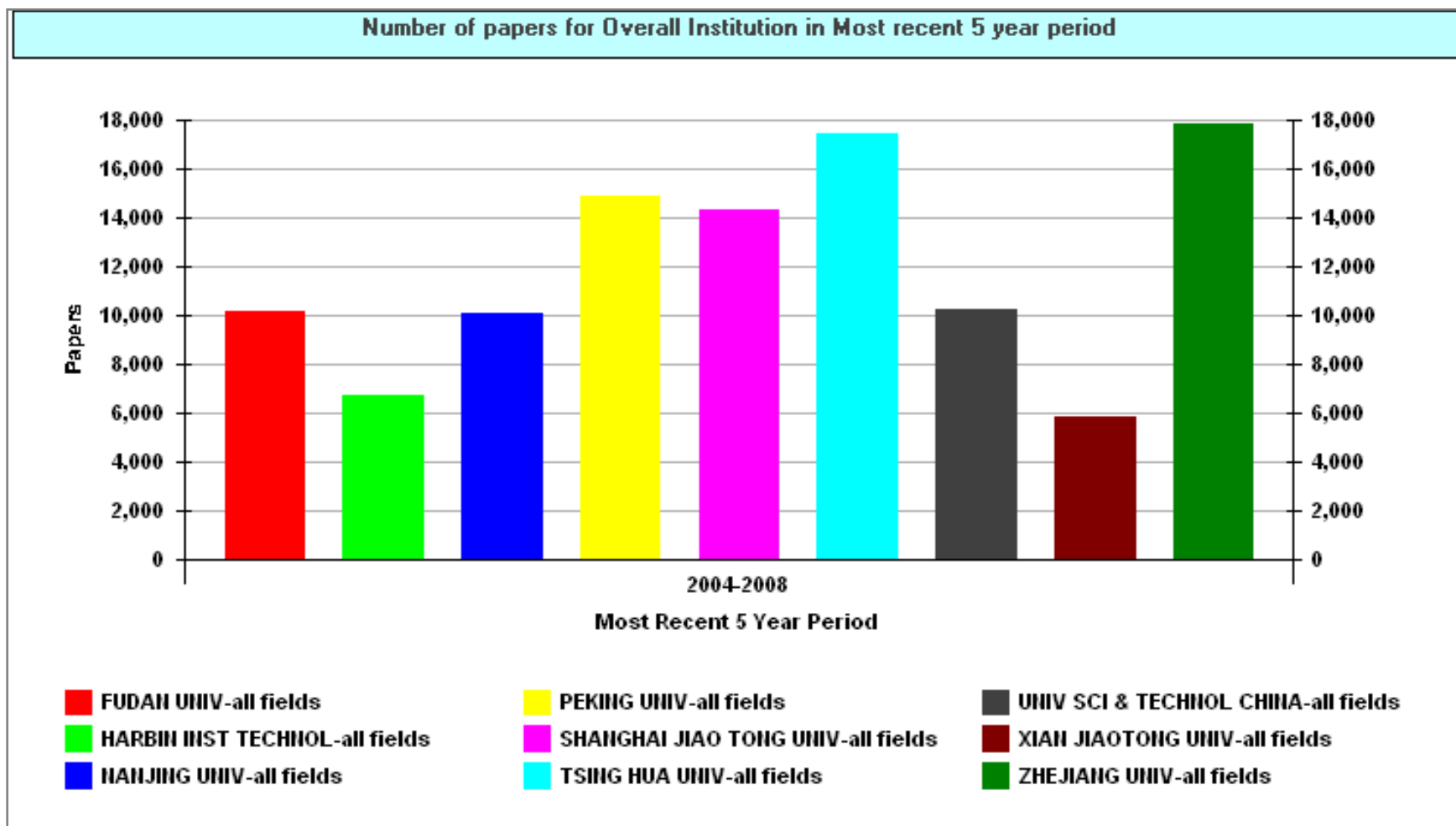
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# 针对机构的全景分析报告

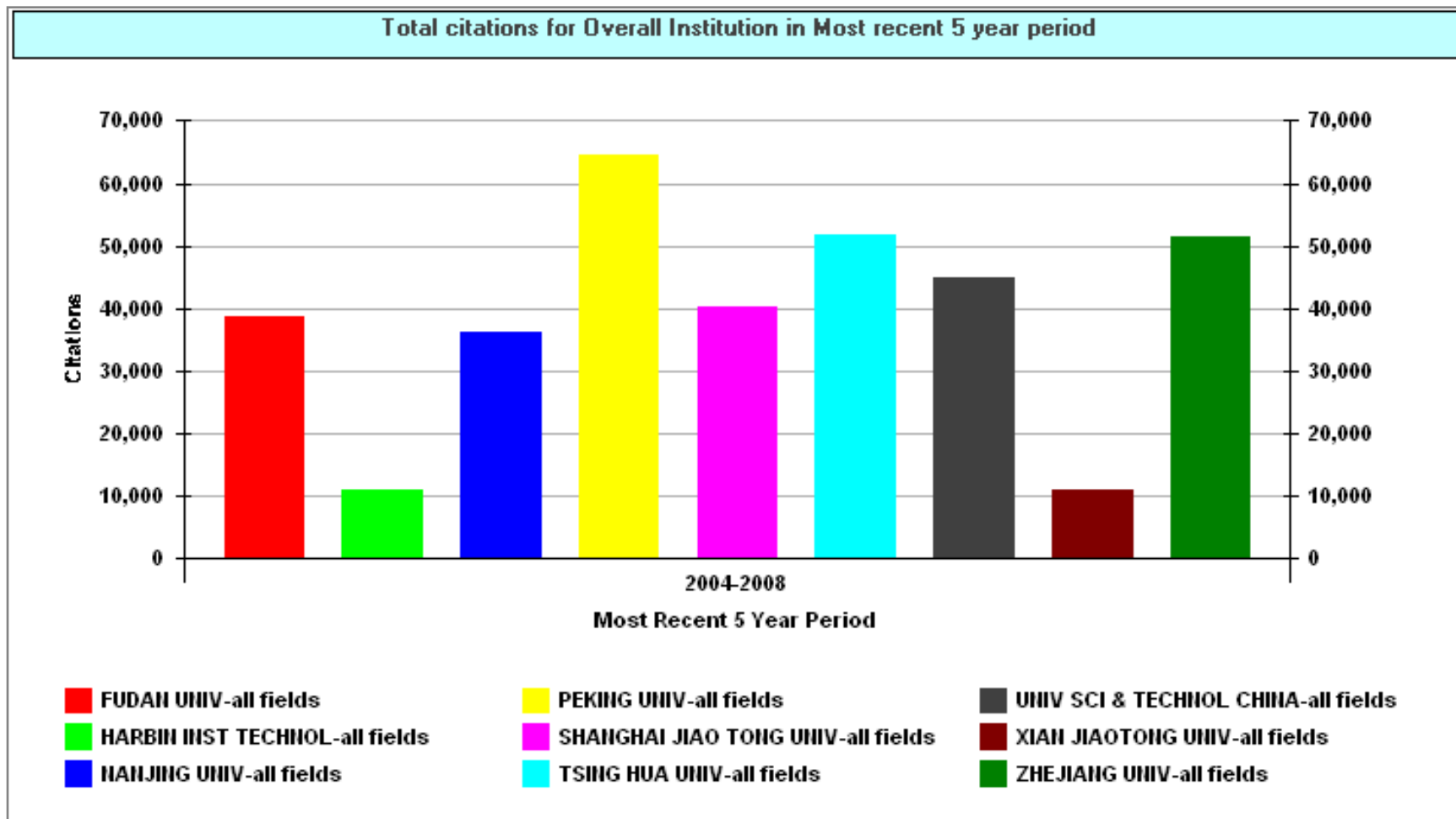
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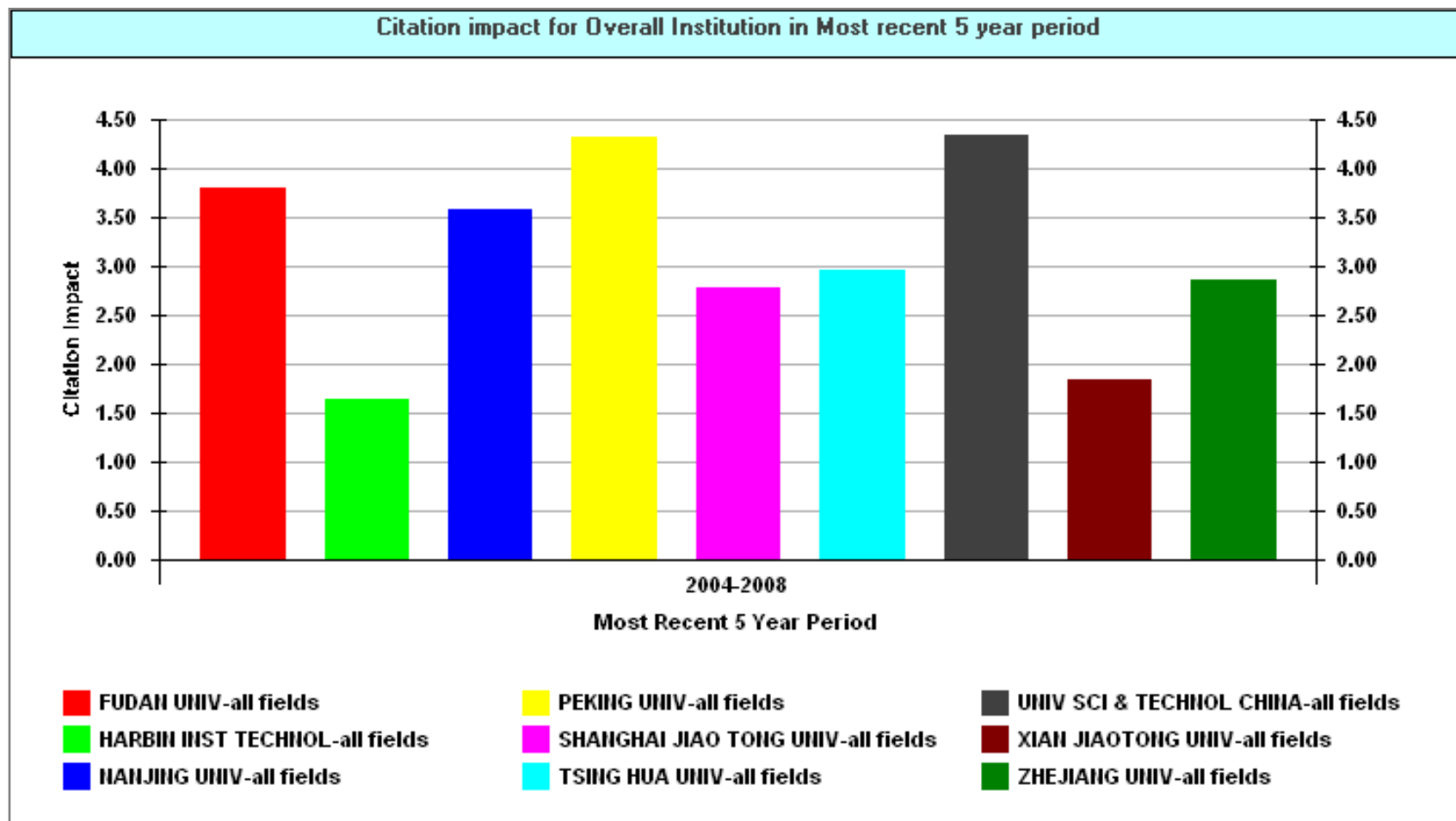
# 中国985大学近5年的科研产出



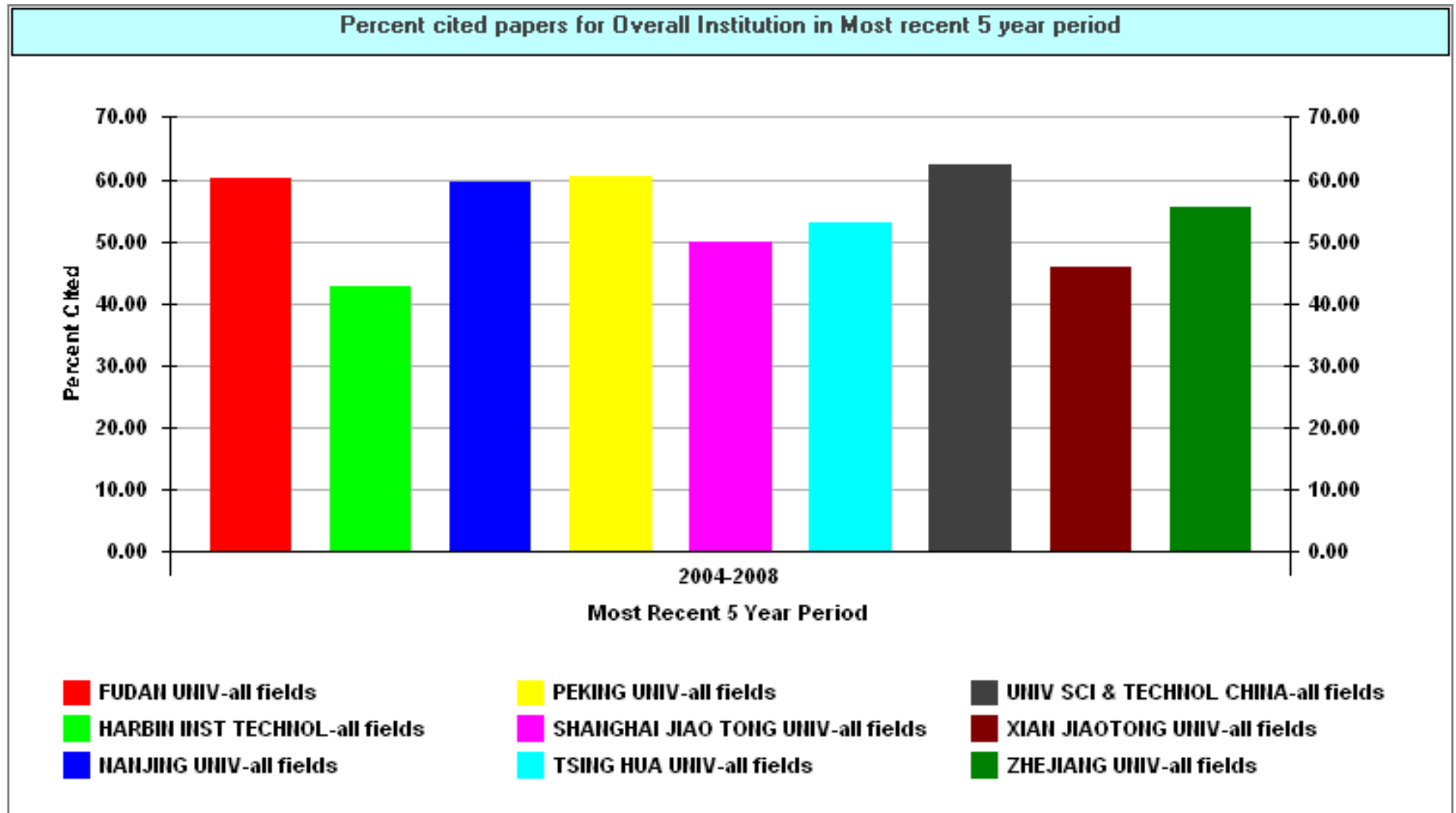
# 中国985大学近5年科研产出的影响力



# 中国985大学近5年科研产出篇均影响力



# 中国985大学近5年科研论文的被引用率



# 演讲提纲

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- 科学计量学与引文分析
- Web of Science—科学研究与科研管理的重要工具
- 如何评估本机构的科研产出和影响力？
- 如何寻找学科关键人才？
- 如何评估某篇论文的影响力？
- 如何评估技术成果？
- 分析软件的综合利用
- 小结

# 杰出科学家的研究产出与影响力

某知名教授——电子陶瓷科学和工程创新领域专家

会议录文献

RY SCIENCE TECHNOLOGY OR PHYSIC  
EXPANDED, A&HCI, SSCI, CPCL-  
期刊。执行“被引参考文献检索”可查看未收录在

**找到的结果数: 451**

---

**被引频次总计 [?]: 2,535**

[查看施引文献](#)

[查看去除自引的引文报告](#)

---

**每项平均引用次数 [?]: 5.62**

---

**h-index [?]: 23**

每年的出版物

显示最近 20 年。  
查看所有年份的图表。

检索结果: 451      页 1

使用各条记录的复选框可以从此引文报告中删除各条记录  
或者限制在以下范围内处理的项目, 从 1900-1914 到 2009 转至

年份	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	总计	平均数/年
2005	286	305	306	307	134	2,535	93.89
2006	12	15	6	14	9	117	4.33
2007	10	17	11	7	7	106	8.15

1. 标题: POLARIZATION AND DEPOLARIZATION BEHAVIOR OF HOT-PRESSED LEAD LANTHANUM ZIRCONATE TITANATE CERAMICS  
作者: YAO X, CHEN Z, CROSS LE  
来源出版物: JOURNAL OF APPLIED PHYSICS 卷: 54 期: 6 页: 3399-3403 出版年: 1983

2. 标题: Structures, phase transformations, and dielectric properties of pyrochlores containing bismuth  
作者: Wang XL, Wang H, Yao X  
来源出版物: JOURNAL OF THE AMERICAN CERAMIC SOCIETY 卷: 80 期: 10 页: 2745-2748 出版年: OCT 1997

# 杰出科学家的研究产出与影响力—H指数

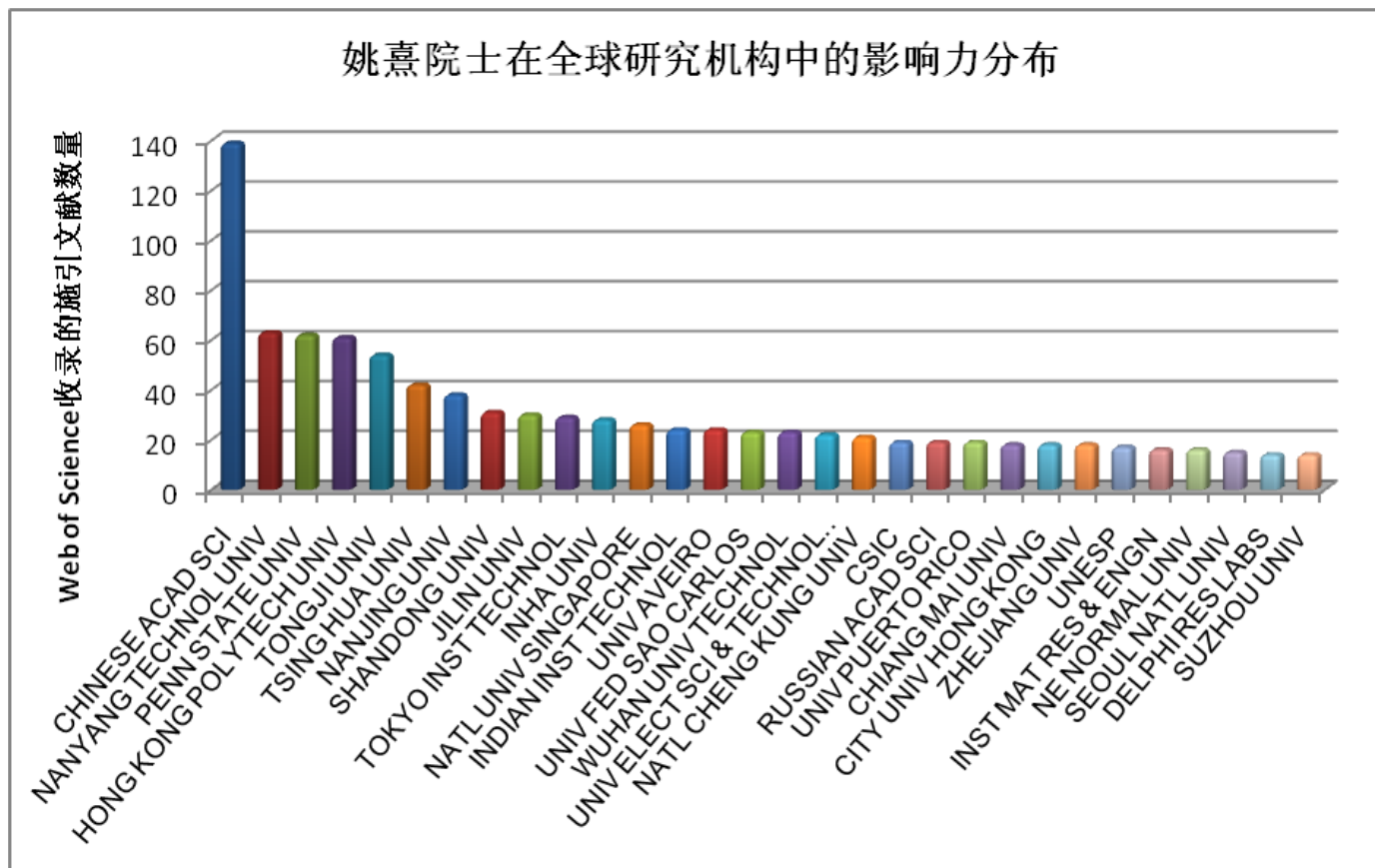
---

- “H指数=n”的定义是：某位科学家发表的所有文章中，有n篇文章的被引次数不低于n次。H指数是加州大学圣地亚哥分校物理学家乔治·赫希(Jorge E. Hirsch)提出的一种定量评价科研人员学术成就的方法。
- 赫希认为h指数能够比较准确地反映一个人的学术成就。一个人的h指数越高，则表明他的论文影响力越大。

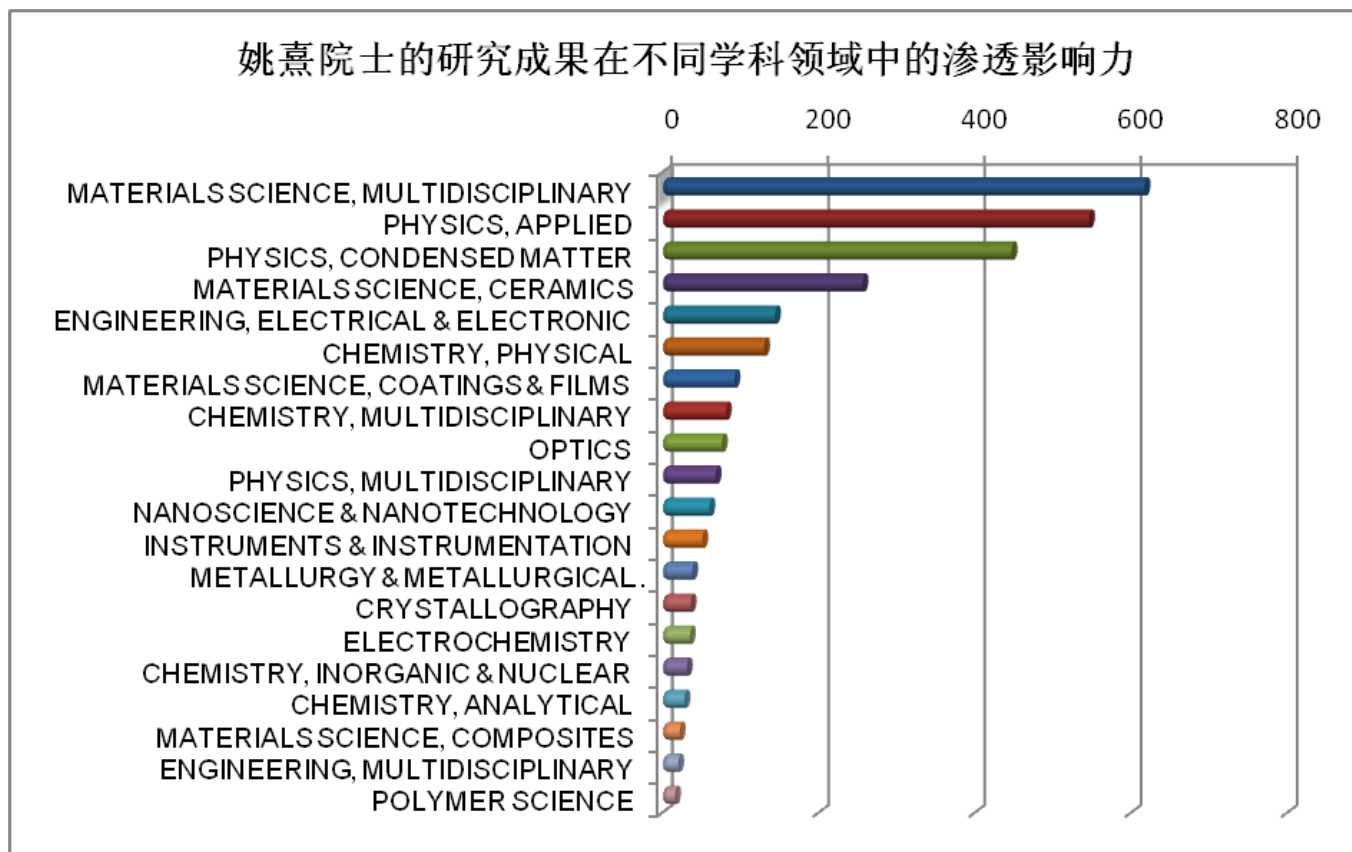
# 在全球各国的学术影响力

<input type="checkbox"/>	PEOPLES R CHINA	853	45.6150 %	<div style="width: 45.6150%;"></div>
<input type="checkbox"/>	USA	276	14.7594 %	<div style="width: 14.7594%;"></div>
<input type="checkbox"/>	JAPAN	116	6.2032 %	<div style="width: 6.2032%;"></div>
<input type="checkbox"/>	SOUTH KOREA	116	6.2032 %	<div style="width: 6.2032%;"></div>
<input type="checkbox"/>	SINGAPORE	96	5.1337 %	<div style="width: 5.1337%;"></div>
<input type="checkbox"/>	INDIA	89	4.7594 %	<div style="width: 4.7594%;"></div>
<input type="checkbox"/>	TAIWAN	78	4.1711 %	<div style="width: 4.1711%;"></div>
<input type="checkbox"/>	GERMANY	58	3.1016 %	<div style="width: 3.1016%;"></div>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FRANCE	56	2.9947 %	<div style="width: 2.9947%;"></div>
<input type="checkbox"/>	BRAZIL	48	2.5668 %	<div style="width: 2.5668%;"></div>
<input type="checkbox"/>	ENGLAND	40	2.1390 %	<div style="width: 2.1390%;"></div>
<input type="checkbox"/>	RUSSIA	38	2.0321 %	<div style="width: 2.0321%;"></div>
<input type="checkbox"/>	PORTUGAL	31	1.6578 %	<div style="width: 1.6578%;"></div>
<input type="checkbox"/>	SPAIN	30	1.6043 %	<div style="width: 1.6043%;"></div>
<input type="checkbox"/>	ITALY	29	1.5508 %	<div style="width: 1.5508%;"></div>
<input type="checkbox"/>	POLAND	27	1.4439 %	<div style="width: 1.4439%;"></div>
<input type="checkbox"/>	THAILAND	24	1.2834 %	<div style="width: 1.2834%;"></div>
<input type="checkbox"/>	CANADA	18	0.9626 %	<div style="width: 0.9626%;"></div>
<input type="checkbox"/>	AUSTRALIA	17	0.9091 %	<div style="width: 0.9091%;"></div>
<input type="checkbox"/>	CZECH REPUBLIC	14	0.7487 %	<div style="width: 0.7487%;"></div>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FINLAND	13	0.6952 %	<div style="width: 0.6952%;"></div>
<input type="checkbox"/>	MEXICO	12	0.6417 %	<div style="width: 0.6417%;"></div>
<input type="checkbox"/>	SLOVENIA	12	0.6417 %	<div style="width: 0.6417%;"></div>
<input type="checkbox"/>	SWITZERLAND	10	0.5348 %	<div style="width: 0.5348%;"></div>
<input type="checkbox"/>	ISRAEL	9	0.4812 %	<div style="width: 0.4812%;"></div>

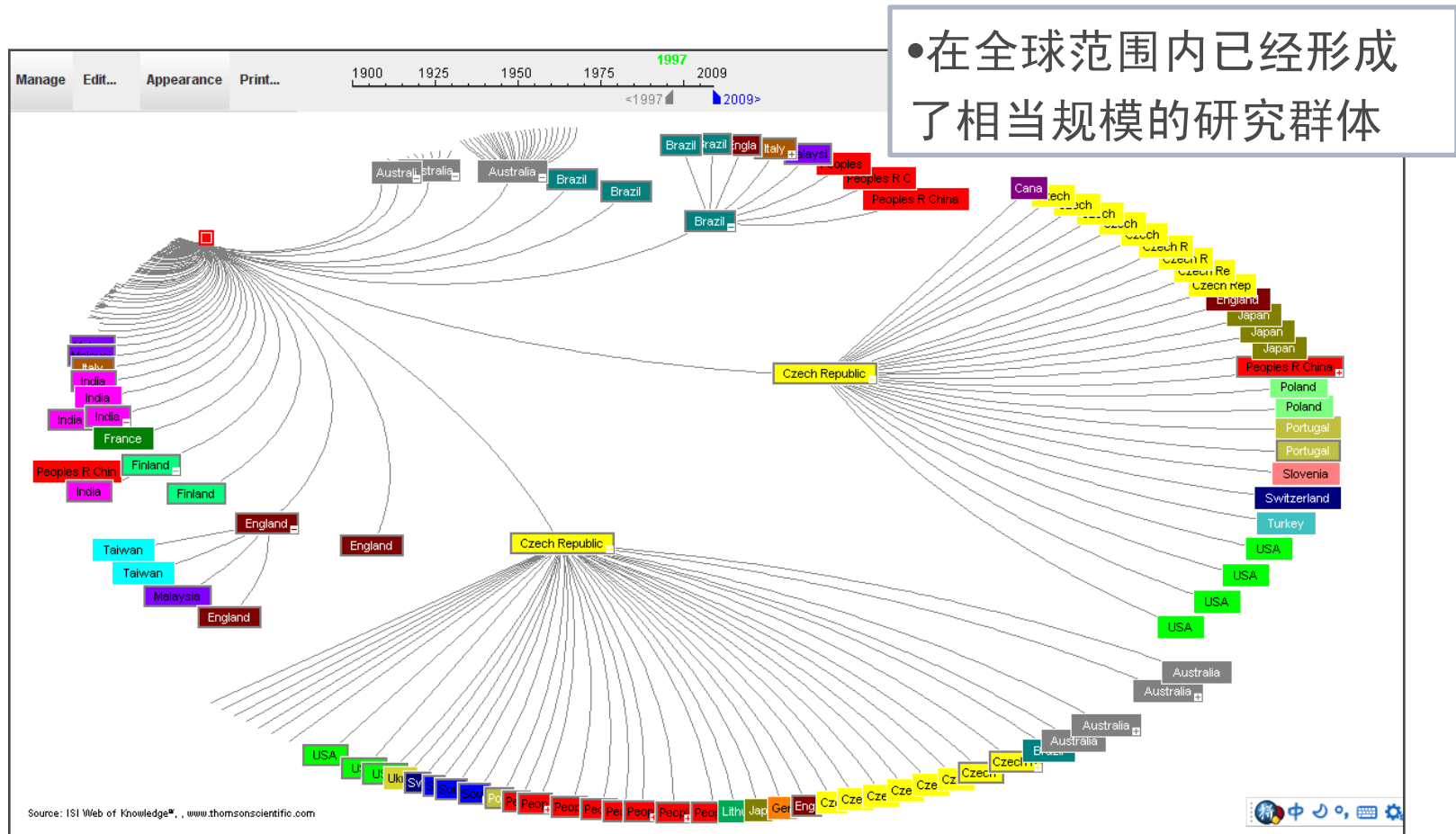
# 在全球研究机构中的影响力



# 对不同学科的渗透性

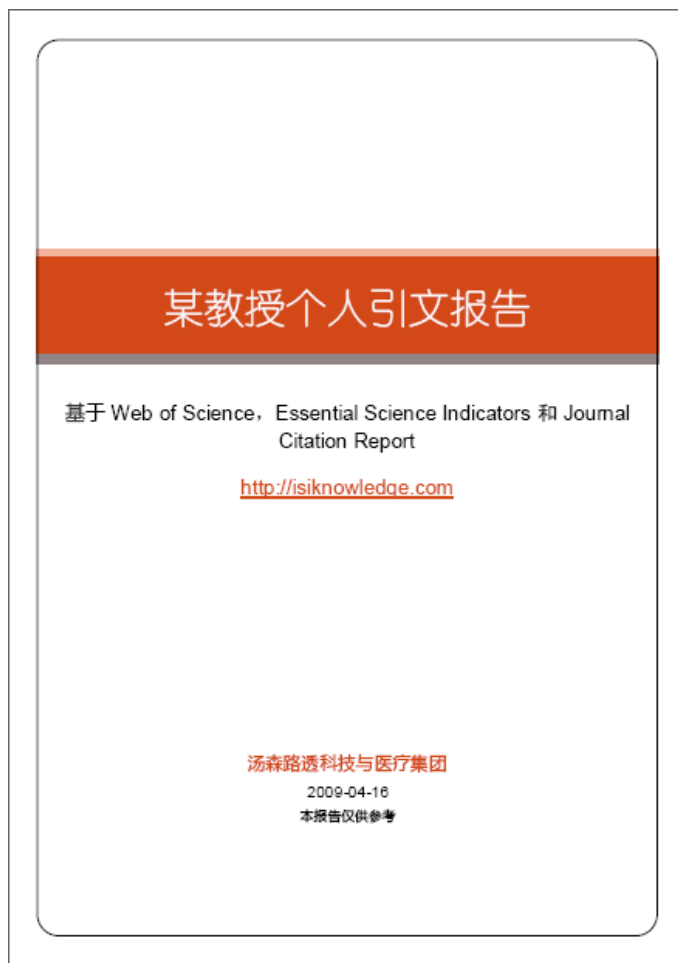


# 高被引论文



# 针对学术人才的分析报告

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# ResearcherID——全球学术人才库

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Find researchers using their keywords.

adsorption aging alzheimer's disease analytical chemistry artificial intelligence atomic force microscopy attention biodiversity biogeochemistry biogeography  
bioinformatics biomaterials biomechanics biophysics biosensors biotechnology cancer carbon nanotubes catalysis climate change cognition community ecology  
complex systems computational biology computational chemistry computer vision condensed matter physics conservation conservation biology data mining  
decision making density functional theory drug delivery ecology electrochemistry epidemiology evolution evolutionary ecology fluid mechanics fmri gene expression  
genetics genomics geochemistry geophysics image processing inflammation information retrieval inorganic chemistry landscape ecology machine learning mass  
spectrometry microfluidics modeling molecular biology molecular dynamics nanocomposites nanomaterials nanoparticles nanophotonics nanoscience nanotechnology  
nanotechnology and nanoscience nanowires neural networks neuroscience nonlinear dynamics nonlinear optics optimization organic chemistry oxidative stress  
photonics phylogenetics physical chemistry physics polymer polymer chemistry population genetics proteomics quantum chemistry quantum dots quantum information  
quantum optics raman spectroscopy remote sensing self-assembly signal processing signal transduction speciation statistics stem cells superconductivity supramolecular  
chemistry surface chemistry surface science systematics systems biology thin films tissue engineering x-ray diffraction

Search for a Keyword:

# ResearcherID —— 全球学术人才库

Search for a Keyword:

## Results

Researchers: 84 result(s)

Page 1 of 9

Sort by:

	Name	Institution(s)	Researcher ID	Keywords	Other Names
1.	<a href="#">Michael Alexandre</a>	University of Liège (ULg)	B-5589-2008	nanocomposites , carbon nanotubes , clay , nanoparticles , aliphatic polyesters , synthesis of polyethylene , gold nanoparticles	Michaël Alexandre
2.	<a href="#">Andrea Alu</a>	University of Pennsylvania	A-1328-2007	metamaterials , plasmonics , nanocircuits , nanoparticles , nanophotonics , nanoscience , nanoscopy , nanoantennas , electromagnetics , antennas , microwave , terahertz , infrared	
3.	<a href="#">Hiroshi Amekura</a>	National Institute for Materials Science, NIMS	B-3870-2008	ion implantation , nanoparticles ; nanoscience and nanotechnology , optical properties , spectroscopy of solids , ion irradiation , ion-solid interaction	
4.	<a href="#">Vipul Bansal</a>	RMIT University	B-2485-2008	nano , nano-composites , nano-structured materials , nanobiotechnology , nanochemistry , advanced functional nanomaterials , drug delivery , catalysis , sensors , bio inorganic chemisrty , bio-inspired materials chemistry , biosensing techniques , biosensors , immunosensors , receptors , surface plasmon resonance , electrochemistry , home-land security , neurotransmitters , explosives , nanotechnology , vaccine delivery , nanoparticles , nanotechnology and nanoscience , nanotechnology , nanomaterials , biomaterials , nanobiotechnology , nanodevices , nanoporous materials	
5.	<a href="#">Dmitry Baranov</a>	Kurnakov Institute of General and Inorganic Chemistry	B-6010-2008	nanoparticles , inorganic synthesis , nanochemistry , nanotechnology , nanoscience , mechanism and kinetics	
6.	<a href="#">Brahim Bessais</a>	Research and Technology Centre of Energy	A-9891-2008	siicon ; porous silicon ; semiconducting oxides , thin films ; solar cells ; sensors , fuel cells ; polymers ; , nanocomposites , photovoltaics ; , nanoparticles ; nanoscience and nanotechnology	
7.	<a href="#">Scott Brown</a>	University of Florida, UF	A-7254-2008	nanoparticles , atomic force microscopy , nanoparticle probes , nanotoxicology	Scott Brown , S Brown , S C Brown

Researcher Profile **Alu, Andrea**

[Return to Search Page](#)

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ResearcherID: A-1328-2007 Last / Family Name: Alu First / Given Name: Andrea

URL: <http://www.researcherid.com/rid/A-1328-2007>

[My Institutions \(more details\)](#)

Subject: Engineering ; Optics ; Physics

Primary Institution: University of Pennsylvania

Sub-org/Dept: Department of Electrical and Systems Engineering

Role: Faculty

Description: Postdoctoral Researcher at the University of Pennsylvania

Publication List

**Citation Metrics**

60 publication(s)

Page 1 of 6

Sort by: Times Cited

1. Title: [Pairing an epsilon-negative slab with a mu-negative slab. Resonance, tunneling and transparency](#)  
 Author(s): ALU, A; ENGHETA, N  
 Source: IEEE TRANSACTIONS ON ANTENNAS AND PROPAGATION Volume: 51 Issue: 10 Pages: 2558-2571 Year: OCT 2003  
 Times Cited: 168

added  
04-Jul-08

2. Title: [Achieving transpar](#)  
 Author(s): ALU, A; ENGH  
 Source: PHYSICAL REVI  
 Times Cited: 117

3. Title: [Guided modes in s](#)  
 Author(s): ALU, A; ENGH  
 Source: IEEE TRANSECT  
 Times Cited: 76

4. Title: [Circuit elements at](#)  
 Author(s): ENGHETA, N  
 Source: PHYSICAL REVI  
 Times Cited: 66

5. Title: [Optical nanotrans](#)  
 Author(s): ALU, A; ENGH  
 Source: JOURNAL OF TI  
 Times Cited: 51

6. Title: [Polarizabilities and](#)  
 Author(s): ALU, A; ENGH  
 Source: JOURNAL OF AI  
 Times Cited: 45

7. Title: [Negative effective s](#)  
 Author(s): ALU, A; SALAI  
 Source: OPTICS EXPRE  
 Times Cited: 39

8. Title: [Plasmonic materi](#)  
 Author(s): ALU, A; ENGH  
 Source: OPTICS EXPRE  
 Times Cited: 24

9. Title: [Parallel-plate meta](#)  
 Author(s): SILVEIRINHA,  
 Source: PHYSICAL REVI  
 Times Cited: 23

10. Title: [Theory of linear ch](#)  
 Author(s): ALU, A; ENGH  
 Source: PHYSICAL REVI  
 Times Cited: 19

60 publication(s)

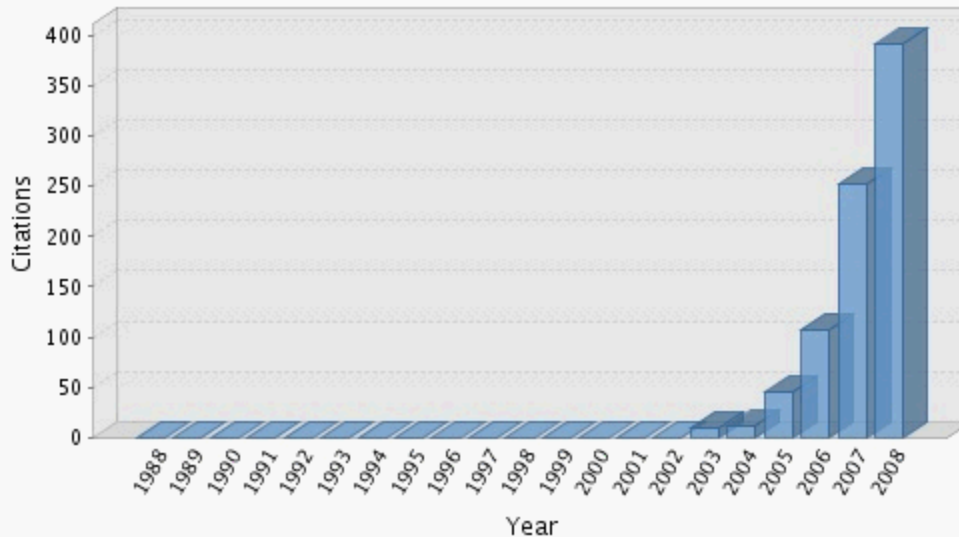
Publication List

**Citation Metrics**

This graph shows the number of times the articles on the publication list have been cited in each of the last 20 years.

Note: Only articles from ISI Web of Knowledge with citation data are included in the calculations. [More information about these data.](#)

### Citation Distribution by year



Total Articles in Publication List : 60

Articles With Citation Data: 53

Sum of the Times Cited : 817

Average Citations per Article : 15.42

h-index : 14

Last Updated : 12/20/2008 12:01  
Eastern Standard  
Time



### ResearcherID Badge

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### Collaboration Network

Visually explore who Andrea Alu is collaborating with.



### Citing Articles Network

Visually explore the papers that have cited Andrea Alu.

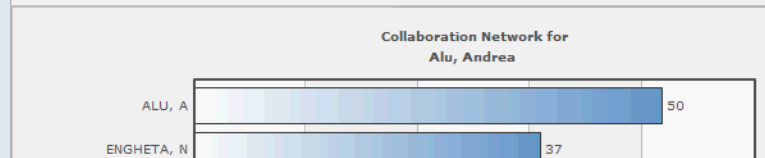
[Provide Feedback](#)

v. 0.5

## Collaboration Network

The graph below displays (up to) this researcher's top 20 co-authors. Data is presented in descending frequency order.

[Top: Authors](#) | [Categories](#) | [Countries/Territories](#) | [Institutions](#) | [Map](#)



You are viewing the ResearcherID Labs page for **Alu, Andrea (A-1328-2007)**



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### Citing Articles Network

Visually explore the papers that have cited Andrea Alu.

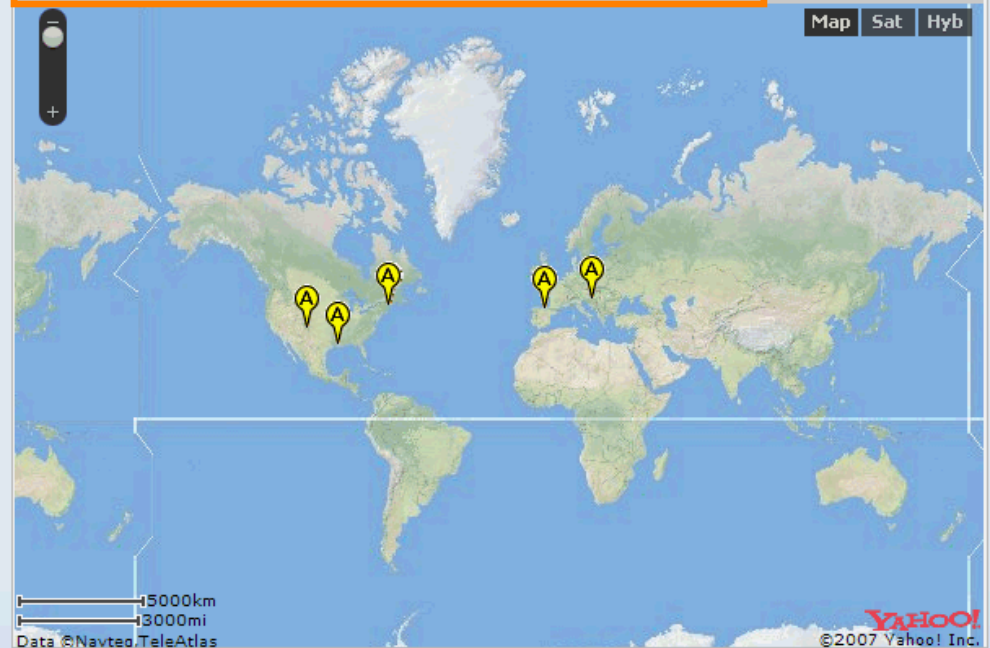
[Provide Feedback](#)

v. 0.5

## Collaboration Network

The map graph below displays (up to) the top 500 **geographic locations** for this researcher's co-authors. Scroll over the map and place your cursor on a pin to view city, state, and country information. Clicking on the pin will display bibliographic data for the paper that has cited the researcher's publication (s).

[Top: Authors](#) | [Categories](#) | [Countries/Territories](#) | [Institutions](#) | [Map](#)



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### Citing Articles Network

The graph below displays (up to) the top 20 authors that have cited this researcher's publication(s). Data is presented in descending frequency order.

[Top: Authors](#) | [Categories](#) | [Countries/Territories](#) | [Institutions](#) | [Map](#) | [Years](#)

Citing Articles Network for Alu, Andrea

**ResearcherID Profile**  
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**Collaboration Network**  
Visually explore who Andrea Alu is collaborating with.

**Citing Articles Network**  
Visually explore the papers that have cited Andrea Alu.

[Provide Feedback](#)

### Citing Articles Network

The graph below displays (up to) the top 20 countries/territories for publications that have cited this researcher. Data is presented in descending frequency order.

[Top: Authors](#) | [Categories](#) | [Countries/Territories](#) | [Institutions](#) | [Map](#) | [Years](#)

Citing Articles Network for Alu, Andrea

**ResearcherID Profile**  
Easily create a badge for Andrea Alu to advertise his/her ResearcherID profile on your Web page or Blog.

**Collaboration Network**  
Visually explore who Andrea Alu is collaborating with.

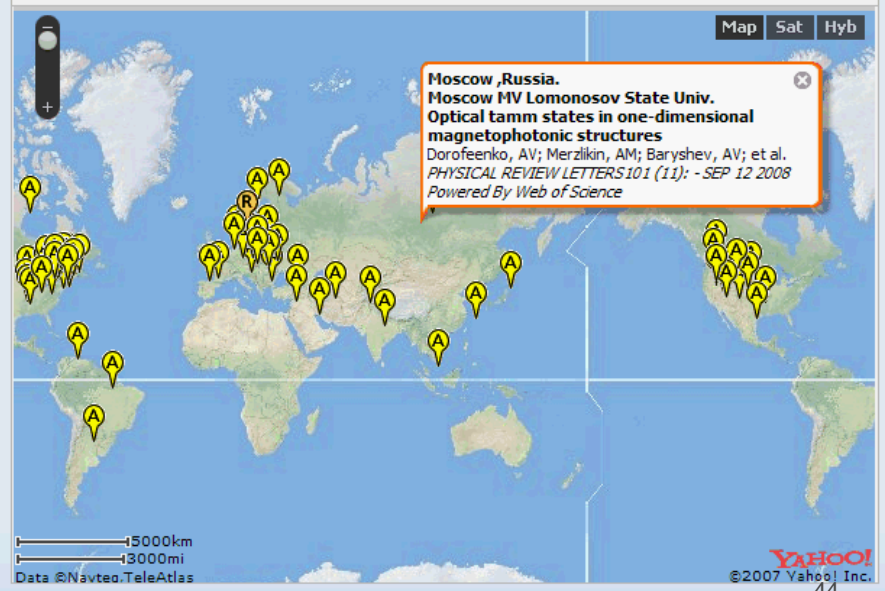
**Citing Articles Network**  
Visually explore the papers that have cited Andrea Alu.

[Provide Feedback](#)  
v. 0.5

### Citing Articles Network

The map graph below displays (up to) the top 500 geographic locations for publications that have cited this researcher. Scroll over the map and place your cursor on a pin to view city, state, and country information. Clicking on the pin will display bibliographic data for the paper that has cited the researcher's publication(s).

[Top: Authors](#) | [Categories](#) | [Countries/Territories](#) | [Institutions](#) | [Map](#) | [Years](#)



# 演讲提纲

---

- 科学计量学与引文分析
- Web of Science—科学研究与科研管理的重要工具
- 如何评估本机构的科研产出和影响力？
- 如何寻找学科关键人才？
- 如何评估某篇**论文**的影响力？
- 如何评估技术成果？
- 分析软件的综合利用
- 小结

# 期刊影响因子 – Journal Impact Factor

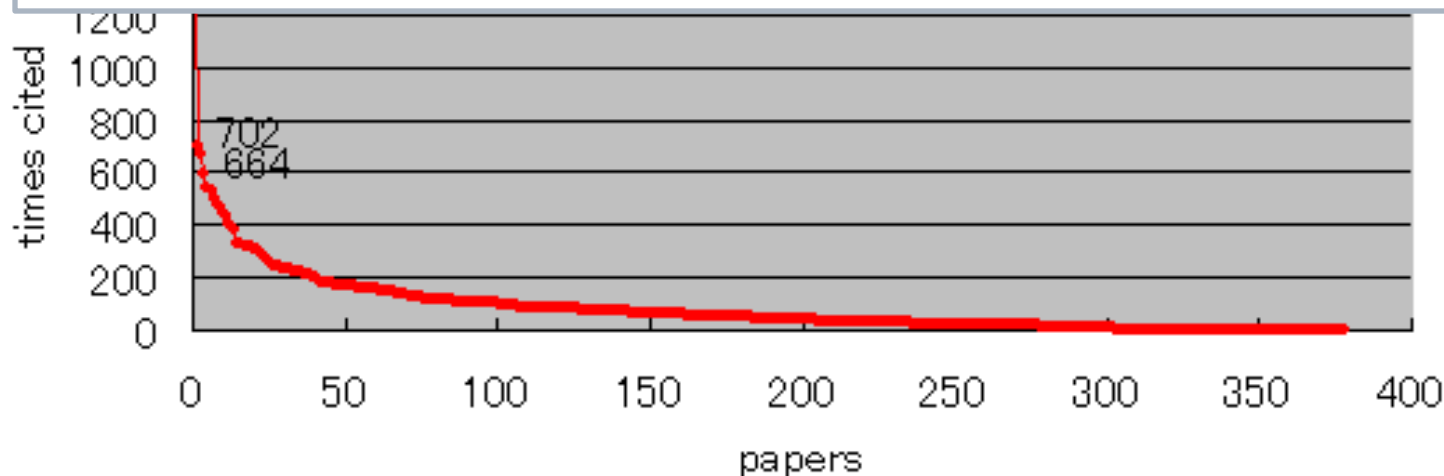
ISI Web of Knowledge<sup>SM</sup>

Journal Citation Reports<sup>®</sup>

RETURN TO

Citation Distribution  
(Articles and Reviews published in New Engl J Med in 2002)

× 期刊影响因子不能用来评估科学家及其论著



# 论文指标 - Baselines 基准数据

ISI Web of Knowledge™

Essential Science Indicators™



Average Citation Rates  
for papers published by field, 1998 - 2008  
([How to read this data](#))

Fields	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	All Years
All Fields	16.99	16.28	15.43	14.04	12.44	10.43	8.47	6.02	3.39	1.20	0.15	9.37
Agricultural Sciences	10.58	10.40	10.26	9.12	8.07	7.08	5.59	3.81	2.13	0.64	0.10	5.84
Biology & Biochemistry	28.08	26.43	25.35	22.70	19.74	16.68	13.27	9.23	5.18	1.83	0.19	15.69
Chemistry	15.79	14.96	14.77	13.10	12.41	10.51	8.74	6.47	3.75	1.36	0.16	9.14
Clinical Medicine	19.79	19.11	18.12	16.70	15.09	12.98	10.55	7.66	4.31	1.49	0.17	11.37
Computer Science	6.82	6.02	5.46	5.58	5.47	3.40	2.30	1.60	0.72	0.38	0.05	2.91
Economics & Business	9.67	8.71	7.95	6.88	6.48	5.19	3.96	2.54	1.23	0.40	0.08	4.75
Fields	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	All Years
Engineering	6.41	6.30	6.03	5.67	4.97	4.27	3.58	2.45	1.34	0.48	0.06	3.67
Environment/Ecology	18.13	16.72	16.46	14.02	12.49	10.47	8.31	5.66	3.10	1.01	0.14	9.11
Geosciences	16.99	15.37	13.72	12.48	10.14	8.75	6.86	4.81	2.82	0.89	0.17	8.12
Immunology	34.99	31.73	31.35	28.95	24.96	21.17	17.70	12.47	7.24	2.60	0.34	20.13
Materials Science	9.14	8.89	8.94	8.24	7.23	6.58	5.26	3.72	2.16	0.72	0.07	5.30
Mathematics	5.53	5.43	4.81	4.14	3.86	3.18	2.55	1.82	1.02	0.36	0.06	2.88
Microbiology	27.13	25.22	23.36	21.09	18.49	15.68	12.80	9.58	5.15	1.75	0.18	14.36

# 论文指标 - Baselines 基准数据

ISI Web of Knowledge<sup>SM</sup>

Essential Science Indicators<sup>SM</sup>



Percentiles  
for papers published by field, 1998 - 2008  
(How to read this data)

All Fields	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	All Years
0.01 %	1489	1099	1090	975	859	670	498	355	194	86	17	808
0.10 %	482	436	405	363	310	256	196	143	80	33	7	291
1.00 %	157	148	138	123	107	88	70	50	29	12	3	95
10.00 %	40	39	37	33	30	25	21	15	9	4	1	23
20.00 %	23	22	21	20	17	15	12	9	5	2	0	13
50.00 %	7	7	7	6	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	3
Agricultural Sciences	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	All Years
0.01 %	591	406	471	264	338	255	238	147	41	17	29	264
0.10 %	206	185	183	158	116	122	79	55	27	11	10	128
1.00 %	85	81	77	64	55	49	36	24	14	6	3	52
10.00 %	26	26	25	23	20	17	14	10	6	3	1	16
20.00 %	16	16	16	15	13	11	9	7	4	2	0	9
50.00 %	6	6	6	5	5	4	4	3	2	1	0	3
Biology & Biochemistry	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	All Years
0.01 %	1843	1488	1384	1378	1083	689	498	324	213	104	20	1031
0.10 %	623	595	497	464	422	308	225	160	90	40	7	389
1.00 %	227	207	185	161	141	120	93	63	36	15	3	136
10.00 %	64	60	58	51	45	37	30	21	12	5	1	38
20.00 %	39	37	36	33	28	24	20	14	8	3	1	22
50.00 %	14	14	14	13	11	10	8	6	3	1	0	7

# 高被引论文 – 被引用次数前1%的论文

ISI Web of Knowledge<sup>SM</sup>

Essential Science Indicators<sup>SM</sup>

WELCOME ? HELP RETURN TO MENU RETURN TO RANKINGS IN-CITES

TOP PAPERS FOR BEIJING UNIV IN CL

3 Citations: 84

Title: MUTATIONS IN SCN9A, ENCODING A SODIUM CHANNEL GATEKEEPER, CAUSE OF NEURONAL ERYTHERMALGIA

Authors: [YANG Y](#); [WANG Y](#); [LI S](#); [XU Z](#); [LI H](#); [MA L](#); [FAN J](#); [SHEN Y](#)

Source: [J MED GENET](#)  
41 (3): 171-174 MAR 1 2004

Addresses: [Peking Univ](#), Hosp 1, Dept Dermatol, 8 Xishiku St, Beijing 100034, [Peoples R China](#); [Peking Univ](#), Hosp 1, Dept Dermatol, Beijing 100034, [Peoples R China](#); [Capital Univ Med Sci](#), Beijing Childrens Hosp, Dept Dermatol, Beijing 100045, [Peoples R China](#); [Gen Hosp PLA](#), Dept Dermatol, Beijing, [Peoples R China](#); [Chinese Natl Human Genome Ctr](#), Beijing 100176, [Peoples R China](#)

Field: **CLINICAL MEDICINE**

## China's number of High-Impact Papers by year, 1998-2007

1998:	73
1999:	83
2000:	127
2001:	187
2002:	245
2003:	321
2004:	363
2005:	458
2006:	530
2007:	511

SOURCE: Thomson Reuters  
*Essential Science Indicators*

## 引文分析中要注意的问题

---

- 不要完全只依赖于论文发表数和/或论文被引次数
- 不要跨学科、跨年代、把不同规模的机构进行比较，而不做数据的归一处理
- 不要忽略其它因素（比如：教学能力、行政职责等）
- 不要过度地被有关某项研究工作的争议所影响
- 不要假设所有的自引都有问题而不考虑自引的原因与程度

# 科研评估 - 定量分析和同行评议

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“科学计量学指标并不是要取代专家(评议)，而是为了能够对研究工作进行观察和评论，从而使专家掌握足够的信息，形成根据更充分的意见，并在更高的信息集成水平上更具权威性”。

-- Dr. Ronald Rousseau, “评价科研机构的文献计量学和经济计量学指标”，《科研评价与指标》，红旗出版社，第17页，2000

# 引文分析和同行评议

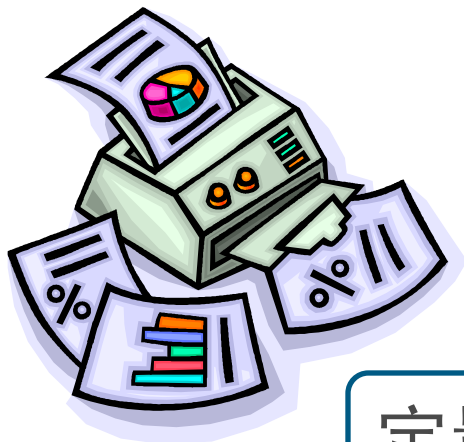
---

引文分析的黄金规则:

Compare like with like

注意: 学科领域间的差别

时间对引文的影响



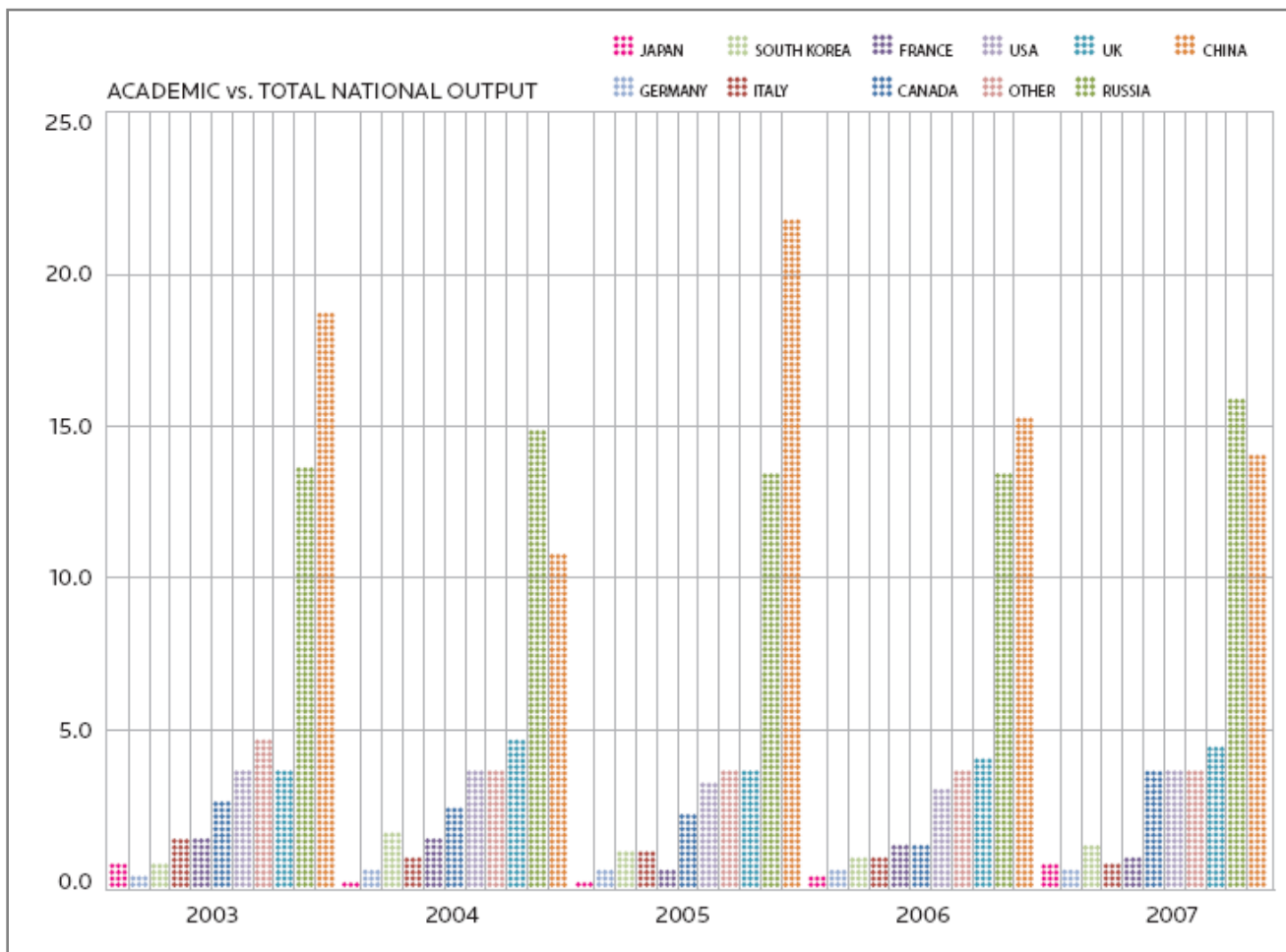
定量分析和同行评议进行互补!

# 演讲提纲

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- 如何评估本机构的科研产出和影响力？
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- 如何评估**技术成果**？
- 分析软件的综合利用
- 小结

# 高校占各国家专利产出的百分比



## 2009年获得专利授权较多的中国高校

---

1	浙江大学	919
2	清华大学	811
3	上海交通大学	730
4	北京航空航天大学	520
5	哈尔滨工业大学	429
6	东南大学	301
7	华南理工大学	300
8	天津大学	256
9	西安交通大学	243
10	同济大学	241

所有数据库

选择一个数据库

Derwent Innovations Index

其他资源

More information  
for new users

Thomson Scientific Sales

使用上面的 "所有数据库" 选项卡检索所有数据库, 或者从下面选择一个数据库。

### Web of Science®

*with Conference Proceedings* (1900-至今)

世界领先的自然科学、社会科学、艺术和人文领域的权威学术文献数据库; 研究和分析国际会议、专题讨论会、研讨会、座谈会、研习会和代表会议的会议文集。

[更多内容]

### Current Contents Connect® (1998-至今)

包含世界一流学术性期刊和图书的完整目录和题录信息, 以及经过评估的相关网站和文献。

[更多内容]

### Derwent Innovations Index<sup>SM</sup> (1963-至今)

包含 *Derwent World Patent Index*® 中的高附加值专利信息 和 *Patents Citation Index*® 中的专利引用信息。

[更多内容]

### Biological Abstracts® (1926-至今)

综合性的全球生命科学期刊文献索引, 涵盖从植物学、微生物学到药理学等领域的丰富内容。

[更多内容]

### BIOSIS Previews® (1926-至今)

生命科学与生物医学研究工具, 内容涵盖临床前研究和

### CABI: CAB Abstracts® and Global Health®

(1910-至今)

提供农业、环境及应用生命科学相关的权威研究信息。

[更多内容]

### Food Science and Technology Abstracts™

(1969-至今)

详尽收录了食品科学、食品技术及食品相关营养方面的学术研究和应用研究。

[更多内容]

### Inspec® (1898-至今)

物理、电气/电子、工程、计算、控制工程和信息技术领域的全球期刊和会议索引。

[更多内容]

### MEDLINE® (1950-至今)

U.S. National Library of Medicine® (NLM®, 美国国家医学图书馆) 主要的生命科学数据库。

[更多内容]

### Zoological Record® (1864-至今)

世界领先的分类参考文献和历史最悠久的动物学数据库。

### 想查找 ISI Proceedings 数据?

目前在 *Web of Science* 中, 会议录文献可通过 *Conference Proceedings Citation Index* 进行检索。使用强大的 *Web of Science* 功能检索、分析和共享会议录数据。更多信息。

### 为什么只选择一种数据库?

#### 精准检索

*ISI Web of Knowledge* 中的每个数据库都具有独特的内容和功能, 包括专门的检索字段和受控词汇。

### 其他工具

#### Scientific WebPlus

通过科学方法快速查找相关的 Web 内容! 使用 *Scientific WebPlus*, 可以在开放的 Web 页面中进行检索, 并快速查看与您关心的主题关系最密切的内容。

# 加州大学的专利情况

Derwent Innovations Index <sup>SM</sup>

**检索结果** 专利权人名称=(UNIV CALIFORNIA)  
入库时间=所有年份. 数据库=CDerwent, EDerwent, MDerwent.

检索结果: **9,343** 第  页, 共 935 页 [转至](#)  排序方式: [更新日期](#)

[打印](#) [电子邮件](#) [添加到标记结果列表](#) [保存到 EndNote Web](#) [分析检索结果](#)  
[保存到 EndNote, RefMan, ProCite](#) [更多选项](#)

**精炼检索结果**  
结果内检索  [检索](#)

**学科类别** [精炼](#)

- CHEMISTRY (6,865)
- ENGINEERING (5,495)
- INSTRUMENTS & INSTRUMENTATION (5,358)
- PHARMACOLOGY & PHARMACY (4,283)
- BIOTECHNOLOGY & APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY (3,184)
- [更多选项/分类...](#)

**专利权人名称** [精炼](#)

- UNIV CALIFORNIA (9,220)
- US DEPT ENERGY (159)
- UNIV CALIFORNIA OFFICE TECHNOLOGY (108)
- LIVERMORE NAT SECURITY LLC LAWRENCE (87)
- LOS ALAMOS NAT SECURITY LLC (63)
- [更多选项/分类...](#)

1. WO2009055823-A2 2009-H79408  
**标题:** Identifying a cancer patient for treatment with a conformationally-restricted polyamine compound by determining an increased or decreased expression level of a gene, e.g. RPL15, RAD54B, NEBL, STAG2, and MTAP from the patient  
**专利权人:** PROGEN PHARM LTD, UNIV CALIFORNIA  
**发明人:** CHIN K, DAS D, FRIDLAND J, et. al  
**施引专利:** 0  
[原文](#)

2. WO2009051909-A1 2009-H50929  
**标题:** Composition useful for treating a subject having a condition associated with mutant-cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator protein such as cystic fibrosis comprises bithiazole, bioxazole or thiazolyl-oxazole amide compounds  
**专利权人:** UNIV CALIFORNIA  
**发明人:** KURTH M J, VERKMAN A S  
**施引专利:** 0  
[原文](#)

3. WO2009051910-A1 2009-H49494  
**标题:** Composition useful for treating e.g. cystic fibrosis comprises a substituted phenylglycine compound  
**专利权人:** UNIV CALIFORNIA, VERKMAN A  
**发明人:** KURTH M J, VERKMAN A  
**施引专利:** 0  
[原文](#)



	字段:发明人	记录数	% , 共 9343	柱状图
<input type="checkbox"/>	DENBAARS S P	75	0.8027 %	
<input type="checkbox"/>	NAKAMURA S	63	0.6743 %	
<input type="checkbox"/>	GRAY J W	60	0.6422 %	
<input type="checkbox"/>	CARSON D A	54	0.5780 %	
<input type="checkbox"/>	PRUSINER S B	49	0.5245 %	
<input type="checkbox"/>	TSIEN R Y	49	0.5245 %	
<input type="checkbox"/>	PINKEL D	48	0.5138 %	
<input type="checkbox"/>	BENETT W J	44	0.4709 %	
<input type="checkbox"/>	SPECK J S	43	0.4602 %	
<input type="checkbox"/>	KARIN M	42	0.4495 %	
<input type="checkbox"/>	KRULEVITCH P A	39	0.4174 %	
<input type="checkbox"/>	HAMMOCK B D	38	0.4067 %	
<input type="checkbox"/>	LEE A P	38	0.4067 %	
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCEWAN T E	35	0.3746 %	
<input type="checkbox"/>	MISHRA U K	34	0.3639 %	
<input type="checkbox"/>	CHEN H	32	0.3425 %	
<input type="checkbox"/>	HEEGER A J	31	0.3318 %	
<input type="checkbox"/>	KAUFMAN L	31	0.3318 %	
<input type="checkbox"/>	BAZAN G C	30	0.3211 %	
<input type="checkbox"/>	ROSTOKER N	29	0.3104 %	
<input type="checkbox"/>	CHOI Y	27	0.2890 %	
<input type="checkbox"/>	HORWITZ M A	27	0.2890 %	

.....

较活跃的专利发明人

	字段:学科类别	记录数	% , 共 9343	柱状图
<input type="checkbox"/>	CHEMISTRY	6865	73.4775 %	
<input type="checkbox"/>	ENGINEERING	5495	58.8141 %	
<input type="checkbox"/>	INSTRUMENTS & INSTRUMENTATION	5358	57.3477 %	
<input type="checkbox"/>	PHARMACOLOGY & PHARMACY	4283	45.8418 %	
<input type="checkbox"/>	BIOTECHNOLOGY & APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY	3184	34.0790 %	
<input type="checkbox"/>	POLYMER SCIENCE	1159	12.4050 %	
<input type="checkbox"/>	GENERAL & INTERNAL MEDICINE	1064	11.3882 %	
<input type="checkbox"/>	AGRICULTURE	827	8.8515 %	
<input type="checkbox"/>	COMPUTER SCIENCE	788	8.4341 %	
<input type="checkbox"/>	ENERGY & FUELS	529	5.6620 %	
<input type="checkbox"/>	COMMUNICATION	441	4.7201 %	
<input type="checkbox"/>	NUCLEAR SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY	318	3.4036 %	
<input type="checkbox"/>	METALLURGY & METALLURGICAL ENGINEERING	316	3.3822 %	
<input type="checkbox"/>	OPTICS	306	3.2752 %	
<input type="checkbox"/>	TRANSPORTATION	152	1.6269 %	
<input type="checkbox"/>	IMAGING SCIENCE & PHOTOGRAPHIC TECHNOLOGY	148	1.5841 %	
<input type="checkbox"/>	FOOD SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY	144	1.5413 %	
<input type="checkbox"/>	WATER RESOURCES	122	1.3058 %	
<input type="checkbox"/>	MATERIALS SCIENCE	92	0.9847 %	
<input type="checkbox"/>	PUBLIC, ENVIRONMENTAL & OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH	39	0.4174 %	

优势技术领域

# 演讲提纲

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- 科学计量学与引文分析
- Web of Science—科学研究与科研管理的重要工具
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- 如何寻找学科关键人才？
- 如何评估某篇论文的影响力？
- 如何评估技术成果？
- 分析软件的综合利用
- 小结

# 分析过程

---

- 在 DII/SCI检索，下载数据
- 数据导入TDA进行数据清理、分析
- Text Clustering
- 利用宏从TDA将数据导出成文本
- 将文本数据导入AUREKA做MAP



# 例：将SCI数据导入Aureka进行分析

<< 退出标记结果列表

Web of Science 标记记录

显示标记结果列表: Web of Science

Web of Science 标记记录 - 25 篇文章

向下滚动可查看记录

第 1 步: 选择要输出的字段。

- |   |  |                                 |                                |
|---|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 作者/编者          | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 标题 | <input type="checkbox"/> 来源文献   | <input type="checkbox"/> 会议信息  |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 摘要* | <input type="checkbox"/> 被引参考文献*       | <input type="checkbox"/> 文献类型   | <input type="checkbox"/> 会议发起人 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 地址             | <input type="checkbox"/> 被引频次          | <input type="checkbox"/> 关键词    | <input type="checkbox"/> 出版商信息 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> ISSN / ISBN    | <input type="checkbox"/> 被引参考文献数量      | <input type="checkbox"/> 来源文献缩写 | <input type="checkbox"/> 页数    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> DOI 编号         | <input type="checkbox"/> 语种            | <input type="checkbox"/> 主题类别   |                                |

\*选择这些项会增加处理时间

第 2 步: 选择一个选项。

字段标识

纯文本

将记录通过电子邮件发送到:

返回电子邮件(可选):

注释(可选):

纯文本

完成输出后, 所选记录将从“标记结果列表”中自动删除。

Web of Science 标记记录 - 25 篇文章

第 1 页(文章 1 -- 10):

◀ ◀ [ 1 | 2 | 3 ] ▶ ▶

更新日期

默认情况下, 输出所有记录。使用复选框, 可取消选择/选择要输出的记录。  
退出页面之前, 一定要单击“提交选择”按钮。

排序会影响查看和输出。

- Onwuka, EN  
A paging design for mobile cellular internet enhanced by locality in user-behavior  
SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH AND ESSAYS, 3 (10): 460-466 OCT 2008
- Li, Y; Kum, DW; Kang, JE; et al.  
An Enhanced Multihoming Support Scheme with Proxy Mobile IPv6 for Convergent Networks  
IEICE TRANSACTIONS ON COMMUNICATIONS, E91B (10): 3095-3102 OCT 2008

中科院海洋所

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名称	大小	类型	修改日期
2008keywords	8,019 KB	Thomson Data An...	2010-4-21 19:37
2009keywords	10,402 KB	Thomson Data An...	2010-4-21 19:37
qdiiodii	517 KB	文本文档	2010-4-20 21:49
QDIODii	4,669 KB	Thomson Data An...	2010-4-21 19:37
QDIOSCI	34,830 KB	Thomson Data An...	2010-4-21 19:37
qdiosci1	2,370 KB	文本文档	2010-4-20 21:31
qdiosci2	1,924 KB	文本文档	2010-4-20 21:36
qdiosci3	1,619 KB	文本文档	2010-4-20 21:41
qdiosci4	307 KB	文本文档	2010-4-20 21:43
QDIUSCIDI	35,648 KB	Thomson Data An...	2010-4-21 19:37
TDA-BIT_2010_热点及趋势...	7,916 KB	Microsoft Offic...	2010-4-20 21:49

# 明确问题

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- 哪些作者发文较多？集中在哪些领域？作者课题研究发展的变化趋势？
- 哪些作者在哪些研究方向上与哪些机构（国内外）合作较多？哪些是研究有关联但是没有合作的（竞争）？哪些研究领域是合作最多的领域？
- 近3年的研究关注点是什么？文献关键词的变化趋势如何？文献关键词、主题词和题目涉及的词的汇聚集合中，高频词有哪些？
- 从参考文献中分析该机构的文献保障情况。常引用的文献包括哪些？从参考文献上分析某领域研究上集中的作者群有哪些？



# 了解数据概况

The screenshot displays the Thomson Data Analyzer interface. The main window shows a list of fields and their corresponding item counts. A 'Field Statistics' dialog box is open, providing detailed information for the selected field 'Author Affiliations (Name Only)'. The dialog box includes sections for 'Records' and 'Instances', with the 'Coverage' value of 100% highlighted by a red circle.

Field	Number of Items	Derived	Data Type	Meta Tags
~Raw Record	3487			
Abstract	2989			
Abstract (NLP) (Phrases)	90628	*		
Author Affiliations (1st)	494			
Author Affiliations (City and Country)	888			
Author Affiliations (Full)	3932			
Author Affiliations (Name Only)	1427			
Authors	6788			
Authors (1st)	1761			
Cited Authors	40872			
Cited Journal	15751			
Cited Patent	17			
Cited Reference Count	193			
Cited References	84127			
Cited Year	205			
Combined Keywords + Phrases	102919	*		
Countries	108			
Countries (1st)	56			
Document Type	10			
ISI Unique Article Identifier	3487			
Journal	444			
Keywords (author's)	5050			
Keywords Plus	8263			
Number of Author Affiliations (Name Only)	29			
Number of Authors	42			
Publication Type	3			
Publication Year	10			
Source	510			
Subject Category	115			
Times Cited	145			
Title	3488			
Title (NLP) (Phrases)	9862	*		

**Field Statistics**

Field Name: Author Affiliations (Name Only)

# of Items: 1,427

Derived: No

Data Type: General

Used In Title Window: No

Used In Incremental Import: No

**Records**

# In Dataset: 3,487

# Without Author Affiliations: 0

Coverage: 100%

Most Frequent: 3,478 Woods Hole Oceanog

Std. Dev.: 92,534

**Instances**

Total: 10,130

Avg. Items Per Record: 2.9

Most Frequent: 3,674 Woods Hole Oceanog

Std. Dev.: 97,819

Return



# 数据清理

- 机构清理
- 作者清理

Thomson Data Analyzer - [cas.vpt]

File Edit View Sheets Fields Groups Tools Scripts Window Help

Number of records: 3487 Source database: WoK - WoS (Field-Tagged text) (WoK - WoS (Field-Tagged text))

Source date: Mar 10 2009 10:44 Source file: C:\Documents and Settings\wuzheng\桌面\WHOI data\WHOI10.txt (+ 9 others)

Field	Number of items	Derived	Data Type	Meta Tags
~Raw Record	3487			
Abstract	2989			
Abstract (NLP) (Phrases)	90628	*		
Author Affiliations (1st)	494			Organization
Author Affiliations (City and Country)	888			
Author Affiliations (Full)	3932			Organization
Author Affiliations (Name Only)	1427			Organization
Author Affiliations (Name Only) (Cleaned)	1288			Organization
Authors	6788			Person
Authors (1st)	1761			Person
Cited Authors	40872			
Cited Journal	15751			
Cited Patent	17			
Cited Reference Count	193		Number	
Cited References	84127			
Cited Year	205		Year	
Combined Keywords + Phrases	102919	*		
Countries	108			Country
Countries (1st)	56			Country
Document Type	10			Document Type
ISI Unique Article Identifier	3487			Unique ID
Journal	444			
Keywords (author's)	5050			
Keywords Plus	8263			
Number of Author Affiliations (Name Only)	29		Number	
Number of Authors	42		Number	
Publication Type	3			
Publication Year	10		Year	Year
Source	510			
Subject Category	115			
Times Cited	145		Number	
Title	3488			Record Title
Title (NLP) (Phrases)	9862	*		

Summary List: Author Affiliations (Name Only) cas.vpt

# 哪些作者发文较多？集中在哪些领域？作者课题研究发展的变化趋势？ Tech Report

The screenshot shows the Thomson Data Analyzer interface. The 'Scripts' menu is open, listing several scripts with their respective keyboard shortcuts. The 'Report - Technology Report.vpm' script (Ctrl+7) is highlighted. A dialog box titled 'Please choose an appropriate field for e...' is displayed in the foreground, prompting the user to select a field for each category. The dialog box contains the following text and options:

If indicated:  
lacks Metatag- check that this is the correct type of field for the category  
only covers x%- be aware that this may skew the results  
Click OK once more to confirm

Person	Authors (Cleaned)
Organization	Author Affiliations (Name Only) (Cleaned)
Country	Countries
Year	Publication Year
Technology	Keywords Plus

Buttons: Restore Defaults, OK, Cancel

Background window details: Title: 0 Items, 0 Selected; Source date: Mar; Field list includes: ~Raw Record, Abstract, Abstract (NLP) (Ph), Author Affiliations, Authors, Authors (1st), Authors (Cleaned), Cited Authors, Cited Journal, Cited Patent, Cited Reference Co, Cited References, Cited Year, Combined Keyword, Countries, Countries (1st), Document Type, ISI Unique Article Id, Journal, Keywords (author), Keywords Plus, Number of Author, Number of Authors, Publication Type, Publication Year, Source, Subject Category, Times Cited, Title, Title (NLP) (Phrases); Script menu items: Run Script..., Modify Script Menu..., Clean - DWPI Cleanup (DWPI only).vpm (Ctrl+1), Report - Company Report.vpm (Ctrl+6), Report - Technology Report.vpm (Ctrl+7), Report - Company Comparison.vpm (Ctrl+8), Export - For Aureka.vpm (Ctrl+9); Dialog box title: Please choose an appropriate field for e...; Dialog box buttons: Restore Defaults, OK, Cancel; Bottom status bar: Run the script C:\Program Files\Thomson Data Analyzer\Macros\Report - Tech



H2 EXPOSURE [6];

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K
	Number of Records	Person	Top Organization	Top-3 Collaborators (people)	Year Range	Percentage of Records in Last-3 Years	Top Technology Terms	Unique Technology Terms	Recent Technology Terms	Top Countries	
1	89	Stegeman, J J	Woods Hole Ooceanog Inst [89]	Woodin, B R [17]; Goldstone, J V [12]; Hahn, M E [12]	2000 - 2007	6% of 89	INDUCTION [14]; ARYL-HYDROCARBON RECEPTOR [13]; EXPRESSION [11]; STENOTOMUS-CHRYSOPS [11]; TROUT ONCORHYNCHUS-MYKISS [11]	EXPOSURE [8]; MARINE FISH [7]; GENE [4]; IMMUNOHISTOCHEMICAL LOCALIZATION [8]; LIVER [7]; METABOLISM [3]; ENDOTHELIAL-CELLS [4]; BAY CRUDE-OIL [3]; APOPTOTIC CELL-DEATH [4]; CYTOCHROME-P450 1A [4]; CYTOCHROMES P450 [4]; WINTER FLOUNDER [4]; MUSSEL BEDS [2]; ENZYMES [2]; EXTRAHEPATIC TISSUES [3]; ORGANOCHLORINE CONTAMINANTS [2]; CONTAMINANTS [2]; BLUBBER [2]; MESSENGER-RNA EXPRESSION [2]; CELL-DEATH [2]; ENVIRONMENTAL	BIPHENYL CONGENERS [2]	USA [88]; Japan [10]; Sweden [4]; Canada [4]	
2	84	Reddy, C M	Woods Hole Ooceanog Inst [84]	Eglinton, T I [35]; Xu, L [26]; Nelson, R K [17]	2000 - 2008	15% of 84	POLYCYCLIC AROMATIC-HYDROCARBONS [10]; SEDIMENTS [10]; IDENTIFICATION [10]	CONTAMINANT [3]; NATURAL-PRODUCTS [3]; SOURCE APPORTIONMENT [2]; SOURCE IDENTIFICATION [3]; AIR-POLLUTION [2]; BROMINATED FLAME RETARDANTS [3]; MODULATION [2]; AMBIENT AIR [2]; OIL-SPILL [2]; GC X GC [2]; COMPOUND [2]; HALOGENATED DIMETHYL BIPYRROLES [2]	GEOCHEMISTRY [2]; PETROLEUM-HYDROCARBONS [2]; SPILL [2]	USA [84]; Canada [9]; Sweden [8]	
3	83	Eglinton, T I	Woods Hole Ooceanog Inst [83]	Reddy, C M [35]; Hayes, J M [14]; Xu, L [14]	2000 - 2008	8% of 83	MARINE-SEDIMENTS [18]; CARBON [12]; ORGANIC-MATTER [11]	CONTINENTAL-MARGIN [3]; EUROPEAN CONTINENTAL-MARGIN [2]; SEA SEDIMENTS [2]; RESISTANT OUTER WALLS [3]; SELECTIVE PRESERVATION [3]; MACKENZIE RIVER [2]; MATTER SOURCES [2]; EARLY DIAGENETIC ALTERATIONS [2]; COMPOUND-SPECIFIC RADIOCARBON [2];	C-14 MEASUREMENTS [2]; COMPOUND-SPECIFIC RADIOCARBON [2]	USA [83]; Germany [11]; Canada [9]	

# 近3年的研究关注点是什么？ Tech Report

## Technology Trends in Last 3 Years

Last 3 Years is: 2009 - 2007

### Terms First Used in Last 3 Years

TROPICAL CYCLONES [6]  
MODES [4]  
SINK [3]  
DISCOVERY [2]  
C-14 MEASUREMENTS [2]  
MEAN ANNUAL CYCLE [2]  
EAST CHINA SEA [2]  
ALKENONES [2]  
MOUNT-ETNA [2]  
ENUMERATION [2]  
NE ATLANTIC [2]  
NEOMYSIS-INTEGGER CRUSTACEA [2]  
2ND-ORDER MOMENTS [2]  
NORTH-ATLANTIC CIRCULATION [2]  
ESTUARINE WATERS [2]  
EXTRATROPICAL CIRCULATION [2]  
CHLAMYDOMONAS-REINHARDTII [2]  
OPTIMIZATION [2]  
OXYGEN-DEFICIENT WATERS [2]  
PLEISTOCENE [2]  
COMPOUND-SPECIFIC RADIOCARBON [2]  
ADVECTION SCHEME [2]  
ROTATING OCEAN [2]  
SARASOTA BAY [2]  
SATELLITE MEASUREMENTS [2]  
SCOUR [2]  
HEMISPHERE CLIMATE-CHANGE [2]  
COUPLED-WAVE ANALYSIS [2]  
SERPENTINIZED PERIDOTITES [2]  
HYDROSTATIC-PRESSURE [2]  
SOURCE-MASS-SPECTROMETRY [2]  
SOUTHEASTERN UNITED-STATES [2]  
INFORMATION [2]  
KERGUELEN-ISLANDS [2]  
KINEMATICS [2]  
TROPICAL INSTABILITY WAVES [2]  
LATENT [2]  
DIOXIN [2]  
DIPOLE MODE [2]

### Terms No Longer Published in Last 3 Years

ABUNDANCE [24]  
UNITED-STATES [21]  
SCATTERING [17]  
LAST DEGLACIATION [17]  
OLIVINE [16]  
CONTINENTAL-CRUST [16]  
SULFIDE [16]  
DISPERSAL [15]  
NEARSHORE [15]  
BASALTS [15]  
KILAUEA VOLCANO [15]  
TROUT ONCORHYNCHUS-MYKISS [15]  
RAINBOW-TROUT [14]  
HISTORY [14]  
SOUTH CHINA SEA [14]  
INTERMEDIATE WATER [14]  
DINOPHYCEAE [14]  
SLOPE [13]  
TURBULENT DISSIPATION [13]  
WESTERN NORTH-ATLANTIC [13]  
EDDY [12]  
MIDOCEAN RIDGE BASALTS [12]  
ANTARCTICA [12]  
ISLAND [12]  
DELTA-C-13 [12]  
WIND-SPEED [12]  
LOIHI SEAMOUNT [11]  
MELT [11]  
EXPOSURE [11]  
POPULATION [11]  
COMPETITION [11]  
SEISMICITY [11]  
AH RECEPTOR [11]  
ISOTOPE [11]  
TOXICITY [11]  
DISCHARGE [11]  
DISPERSION [10]  
ACCUMULATION [10]  
MOLAL THERMODYNAMIC PROPERTIES [10]

### Unexpectedly high/low terms

NEW-JERSEY [1]  
TROPICAL CYCLONES [1]  
MODES [.999]  
BULK PARAMETERIZATION [.998]  
FIXED NITROGEN [.997]  
RADIOCARBON AGE CALIBRATION [.997]  
MASSACHUSETTS [.996]  
SARGASSO SEA [.995]  
ATLANTIC-OCEAN [.995]  
SINK [.995]  
ICE [.99]  
BEAMS [.989]  
IN-SITU HYBRIDIZATION [.989]  
MOLECULAR CHARACTERIZATION [.989]  
OLIGONUCLEOTIDE PROBES [.989]  
PA-231 [.989]  
CAL KYR BP [.987]  
DEGLACIATION [.987]  
2-DIMENSIONAL GAS-CHROMATOGRAPH-SPECIATION [.981]  
DENITRIFICATION [.981]  
GEOMETRY [.981]  
ORCINUS-ORCA [.981]  
2ND-ORDER MOMENTS [.978]  
ADVECTION SCHEME [.978]  
ALKENONES [.978]  
C-14 MEASUREMENTS [.978]  
CHLAMYDOMONAS-REINHARDTII [.978]  
COMPOUND-SPECIFIC RADIOCARBON [.978]  
COUPLED-WAVE ANALYSIS [.978]  
DIOXIN [.978]  
DIPOLE MODE [.978]  
DISCOVERY [.978]  
EAST CHINA SEA [.978]  
ENUMERATION [.978]  
ESTUARINE WATERS [.978]  
EXTRATROPICAL CIRCULATION [.978]  
HEMISPHERE CLIMATE-CHANGE [.978]  
HYDROSTATIC-PRESSURE [.978]



# 高频词

Number of Records	Technology Term	Top Tech Terms	Unexpected Tech Terms	Range of Years	Percentage of Records in Last-3 Years	Top People	Top Organization Names	Top Countries	Unexpected Countries
248	OCEAN	CIRCULATION [35]; VARIABILITY [35]; NORTH-ATLANTIC [23]; WATER [23]	CIRCULATION [+1]; VARIABILITY [+1]	2000 - 2008	13% of 248	Spall, M A [9]; Keigwin, L D [9]; Lynch, J F [9]	Woods Hole Oceanog Inst [248]; Univ Washington [17]; Univ Calif San Diego [15]	USA [248]; Canada [19]; Japan [15]	South Korea [+ 882]; Turkey [+ 981]; Scotland [- 982]
178	CIRCULATION	MODEL [35]; OCEAN [35]; VARIABILITY [33]	MODEL [+1]; OCEAN [+1]	2000 - 2008	13% of 178	Huang, R X [10]; Anderson, D M [10]; Churchill, J H [8]; Pickart, R S [8]; McGillcuddy, D J [8]	Woods Hole Oceanog Inst [178]; Univ Washington [12]; Univ Calif San Diego [10]	USA [177]; France [11]; Canada [10]; England [10]	Peoples R China [+ 892]; NM USA [+ 982]; AK USA [+ 95]
147	MODEL	CIRCULATION [35]; OCEAN [21]; VARIABILITY [14]	CIRCULATION [+1]; LAYER [+1]	2000 - 2008	16% of 147	Weller, R A [9]; Huang, R X [8]; Beardsley, R C [8]	Woods Hole Oceanog Inst [146]; MIT [18]; USN [10]	USA [146]; Canada [9]; Peoples R China [8]	Germany [- 988]; Peoples R China [+ 894]; England [- 988]
144	VARIABILITY	OCEAN [35]; CIRCULATION [33]; NORTH-ATLANTIC [17]; TRANSPORT [17]; WATER [17]	OCEAN [+1]; CIRCULATION [+1]	2000 - 2008	15% of 144	Beardsley, R C [7]; Churchill, J H [6]; Keigwin, L D [6]; Weller, R A [6]	Woods Hole Oceanog Inst [143]; MIT [11]; Univ Rhode Isl [8]	USA [143]; Canada [12]; Japan [11]; England [11]	Norway [+ 982]; Japan [+ 98]; NM USA [+ 974]
128	NORTH-ATLANTIC	OCEAN [23]; VARIABILITY [17]; CIRCULATION [15]	OCEAN [+1]; VARIABILITY [+1]	2000 - 2008	12% of 128	Doney, S C [11]; Francis, R [8]; McManus, J F [8]	Woods Hole Oceanog Inst [125]; MIT [14]; Natl Ctr Atmospher Res [7]; Univ Calif Los Angeles [7]; Princeton Univ [7]	USA [125]; France [17]; England [15]	France [+1]; Switzerland [+1]; Belgium [+1]
119	EVOLUTION	DYNAMICS [9]; MODEL [9]; OCEAN [8]; CONSTRAINTS [8]	CONSTRAINTS [+1]; FIELD [+1]	2000 - 2007	9% of 119	Elgar, S [10]; Guza, R T [8]; Norris, R D [8]	Woods Hole Oceanog Inst [119]; Univ Calif San Diego [11]; USN [9]	USA [118]; Canada [11]; England [11]	Mexico [+ 997]; Spain [+ 982]; Ecuador [+ 988]
118	WATER	OCEAN [23]; CIRCULATION [17]; VARIABILITY [17]	OCEAN [+1]; CIRCULATION [+1]	2000 - 2008	9% of 118	Pickart, R S [6]; Spall, M A [6]; Daeoy, J W H [5]; McGillis, W R [5]	Woods Hole Oceanog Inst [118]; USN [6]; NOAA [6]; Princeton Univ [6]; Univ Washington [6]	USA [116]; Japan [14]; Canada [10]	Japan [+1]; Netherlands [+ 98]; Taiwan [+ 976]
111	DYNAMICS	CIRCULATION [13]; MODEL [12]; VARIABILITY [11]	FLOW [+1]; MODELS [+1]	2000 - 2008	11% of 111	Neubert, M G [8]; Caswell, H [8]; Geyer, W R [7]	Woods Hole Oceanog Inst [111]; USN [7]; Univ New Hampshire [6]; Univ Rhode Isl [5]; Univ Calif Davis [5]; Univ Calif San Diego [5]	USA [110]; England [8]; Canada [7]	Germany [- 988]; Italy [+ 919]; France [- 917]
101	EAST PACIFIC RISE	MID-ATLANTIC RIDGE [24]; MIDOCEAN RIDGES [19]; DE-FUCA RIDGE	MID-ATLANTIC RIDGE [+1]; DE-FUCA RIDGE [+1]	2000 - 2007	13% of 101	Detrick, R S [13]; Canales, J P [9]; Fornari, D J [9]	Woods Hole Oceanog Inst [101]; Columbia Univ [10]; Univ Washington [9]	USA [101]; England [9]; France [8]	OR USA [+ 971]; Canada [- 932]
101	SEA	OCEAN [15]; VARIABILITY [11]; CIRCULATION [10]	SCATTERING EXPERIMENT [+1]; SEDIMENTS [+ 999]	2000 - 2008	17% of 101	Badley, M [6]; Hughes, K A [5]; Keigwin, L D [5]	Woods Hole Oceanog Inst [101]; Univ Calif San Diego [9]; MIT [8]	USA [101]; England [11]; Germany [10]	North Ireland [+ 989]; Russia [+ 997]; Netherlands [+ 979]
91	TRANSPORT	VARIABILITY [17]; OCEAN [16]; CIRCULATION [15]	VARIABILITY [+1]; CIRCULATION [+1]	2000 - 2008	15% of 91	Charette, M A [7]; Geyer, W R [6]; Huang, R X [6]; Joyce, T M [5]; Buesseler, K O [5]	Woods Hole Oceanog Inst [91]; Univ N Carolina [5]; Chinese Acad Sci [3]; MIT [3]; US Geol Survey [3]; Xiamen Univ [3]	USA [91]; Peoples R China [7]; Japan [5]	Peoples R China [+ 899]; AK USA [+ 985]; Lithuania [+ 974]
90	MID-ATLANTIC RIDGE	EAST PACIFIC RISE [24]; DE-FUCA RIDGE [17]; MIDOCEAN RIDGES	EAST PACIFIC RISE [+1]; DE-FUCA RIDGE [+1]	2000 - 2007	14% of 90	Dick, H J B [12]; Humphris, S E [9]; Fornari, D J [9]; Bach, W [9]	Woods Hole Oceanog Inst [90]; MIT [9]; Univ Washington [7]	USA [90]; England [12]; Canada [10]	England [+ 985]; Canada [+ 987]; Wales [+ 935]

# 常引用的参考文献

Thomson Data Analyzer - [cas.vpt]

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1672 Items, 0 Selected

	# Records	# Instances	Cited Journal
1	1672	5696	NATURE
2	1448	3674	SCIENCE
3	1023	4216	J GEOPHYS RES-OCEANS
4	996	2495	J GEOPHYS RES
5	881	2056	GEOPHYS RES LETT
6	759	3671	EARTH PLANET SC LETT
7	735	4196	J PHYS OCEANOGR
8	713	1656	DEEP-SEA RES
9	705	3182	GEOCHIM COSMOCHIM AC
10	630	2116	LIMNOL OCEANOGR
11	588	2120	DEEP-SEA RES PT II
12	584	1422	GEOLOGY
13	562	1263	DEEP-SEA RES PT I
14	525	1014	J MAR RES
15	496	1518	MAR ECOL-PROG SER
16	449	2340	J GEOPHYS RES-SOL EA
17	373	714	P NATL ACAD SCI USA
18	363	887	J GEOPHYS RES-SOLID
19	362	997	MAR CHEM
20	356	892	MAR BIOL
21	347	840	CHEM GEOL
22	339	1142	GLOBAL BIOGEOCHEM CY
23	336	1549	PALEOCEANOGRAPHY
24	334	397	REV GEOPHYS
25	293	636	CONT SHELF RES
26	292	739	MAR GEOL
27	282	452	PROG OCEANOGR
28	268	468	GEOL SOC AM BULL
29	261	906	J FLUID MECH
30	259	1039	ENVIRON SCI TECHNOL
31	253	907	APPL ENVIRON MICROB

Map::Author Affiliations (Name Only) (Cleaned) List::Cited

cas.vpt

Publication Year

Year	Count
2000	160
2001	180
2002	200
2003	210
2004	230
2005	200
2006	220
2007	210
2008	10

Cited Authors

154	↑↑↑	BROECKER WS
107	↑↑↑	STUIVER M
82	↑↑↑	HART SR
79	↑↑↑	MARTIN JH
77	↑↑↑	KELEMEN PB
74	↑↑↑	DICK HJB
70	↑↑↑	DETRICK RS
69	↑↑↑	LEDWELL JR
66	↑↑↑	LEVITUS S
65	↑↑↑	KEIGWIN LD
65	↑↑↑	SARMIENTO JL
65	↑↑↑	SHACKLETON NJ
62	↑↑↑	DONEY SC
61	↑↑↑	BUESSELER KO
59	↑↑↑	BOYLE EA
59	↑↑↑	SMITH WHF
58	↑↑↑	VONDAMM KL

For Help, press F1

Dataset: PromptForMultiFieldsV NUM



# 通过参考文献了解高影响力作者

Thomson Data Analyzer - [cas.vpt]

File Edit View Sheets Fields Groups Tools Scripts Window Help

164 Items, 0 Selected

	# Records	# Instances	Cited Authors
1	164	253	BROECKER WS
2	123	187	STUIVER M
3	115	183	PEDLOSKY J
4	99	142	WUNSCH C
5	98	143	LEVITUS S
6	89	112	LARGE WG
7	87	165	HART SR
8	84	279	ANDERSON DM
9	84	130	MARTIN JH
10	81	158	KELEMEN PB
11	81	85	SMITH WHF
12	78	116	LEDWELL JR
13	77	106	BEARDSLEY RC
14	77	163	DICK HJB
15	72	104	DETRICK RS
16	71	132	DONEY SC
17	71	107	SPALL MA
18	69	184	BUESSELER KO
19	68	140	PICKART RS
20	67	170	HAHN ME
21	67	131	VONDAIMM KL
22	66	104	SARMIENTO JL
23	66	109	SHACKLETON NJ
24	66	92	STOMMEL H
25	65	101	COALE KH
26	65	72	GILL AE
27	65	147	KEIGWIN LD
28	63	121	WHITEHEAD JA
29	63	159	WIEBE PH
30	62	137	BOYLE EA
31	62	90	EGLINTON TI

Publication Year

Keywords Plus

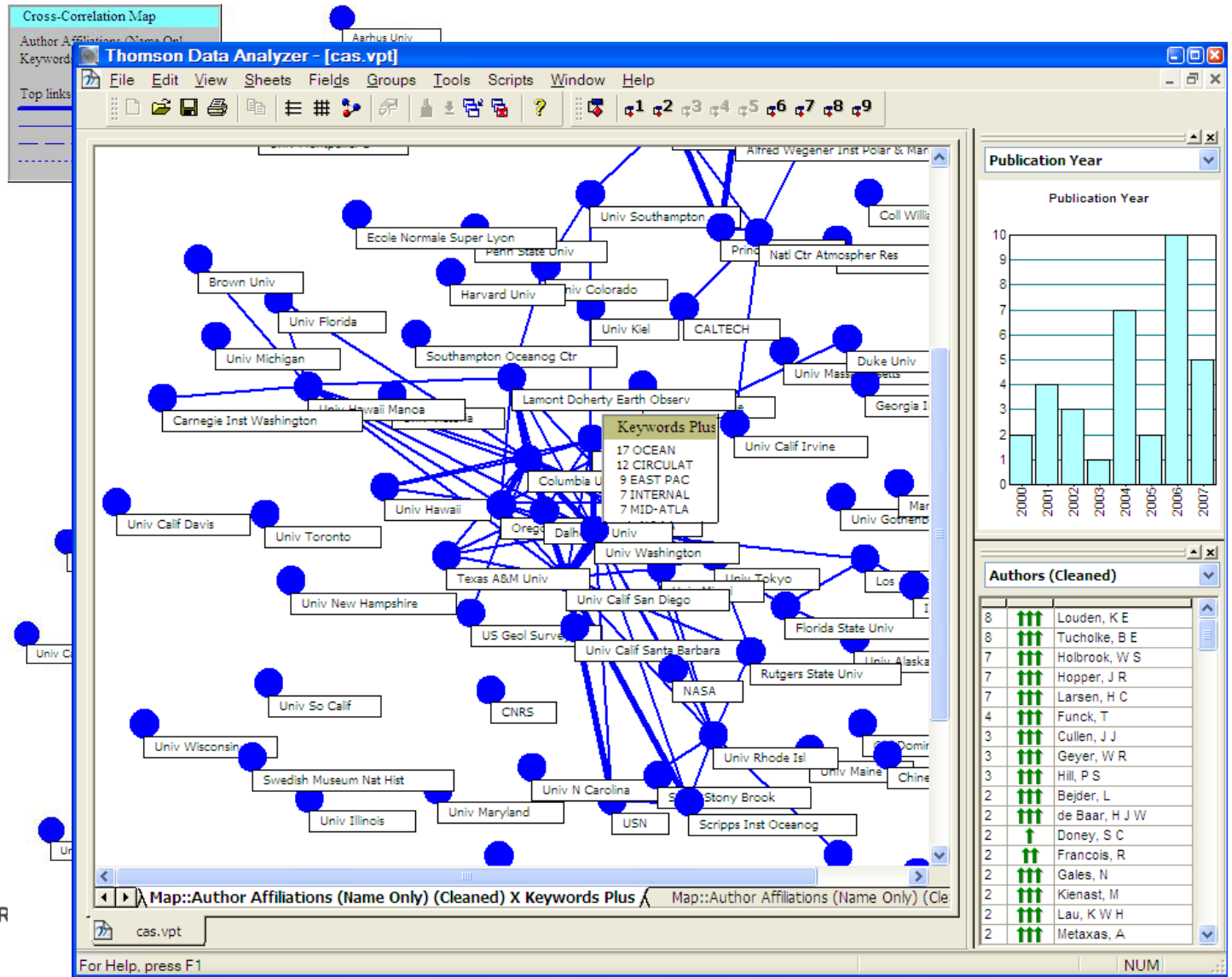
38	↑↑↑	NORTH-ATLANTIC
29	↑↑↑	OCEAN
20	↑↑↑	SOUTHERN-OCEAN
20	↑↑↑	WATER
17	↑↑↑	THERMOHALINE CIRCULATION
15	↑↑↑	CLIMATE
15	↑↑↑	EQUATORIAL PACIFIC
14	↑↑	CIRCULATION
14	↑↑↑	CLIMATE-CHANGE
13	↑↑↑	ATMOSPHERIC CO2
11	↑↑↑	OCEAN CIRCULATION
11	↑↑↑	PACIFIC-OCEAN
11	↑↑↑	PLANKTONIC-FORAMINIFERA
11	↑↑↑	SEA
11	↑↑↑	SEA-SURFACE TEMPERATURE
10	↑↑↑	INDIAN-OCEAN
10	↑↑↑	MARINE-SEDIMENTS

cas.vpt

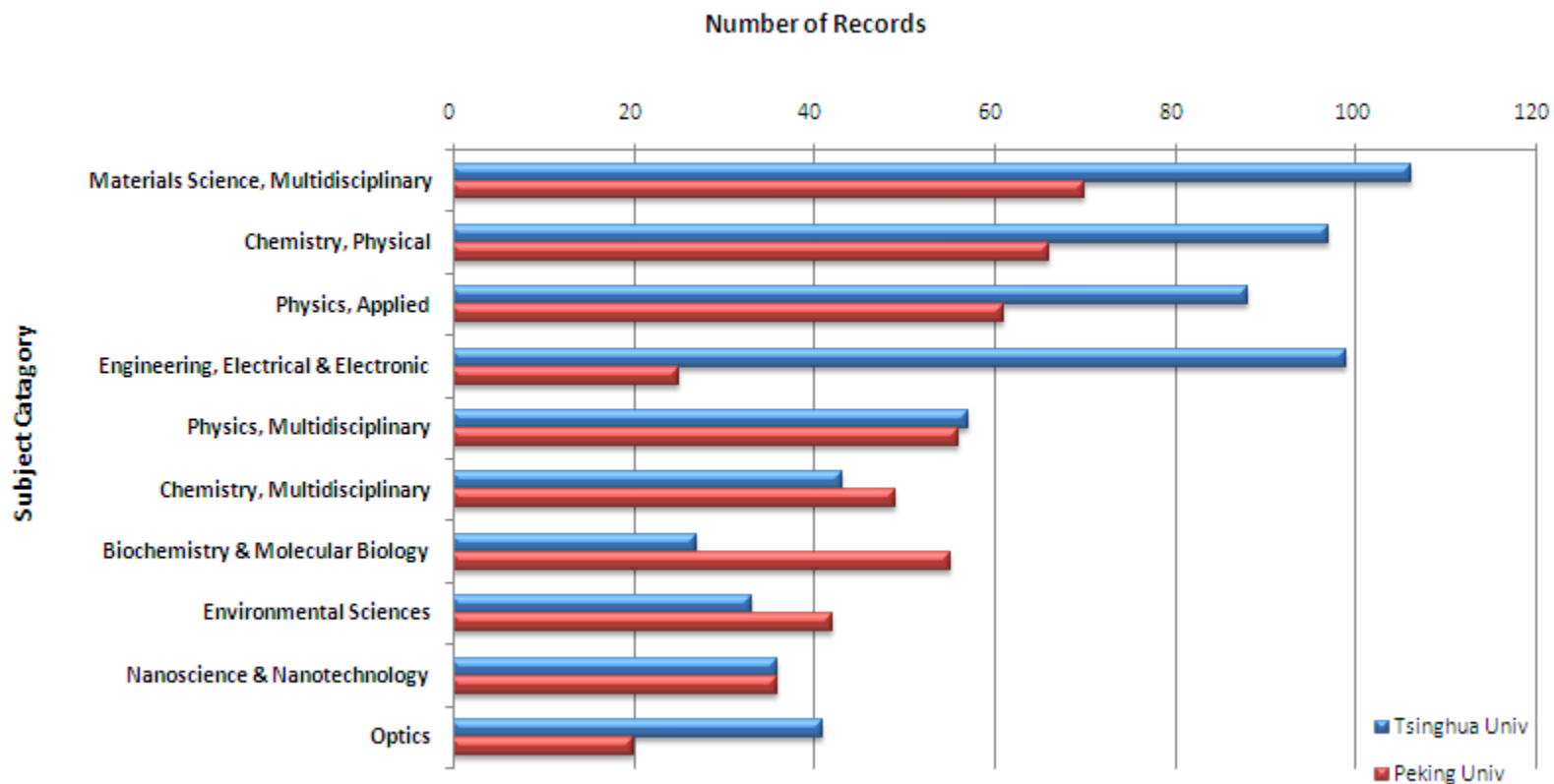
For Help, press F1



# 机构研究关联性

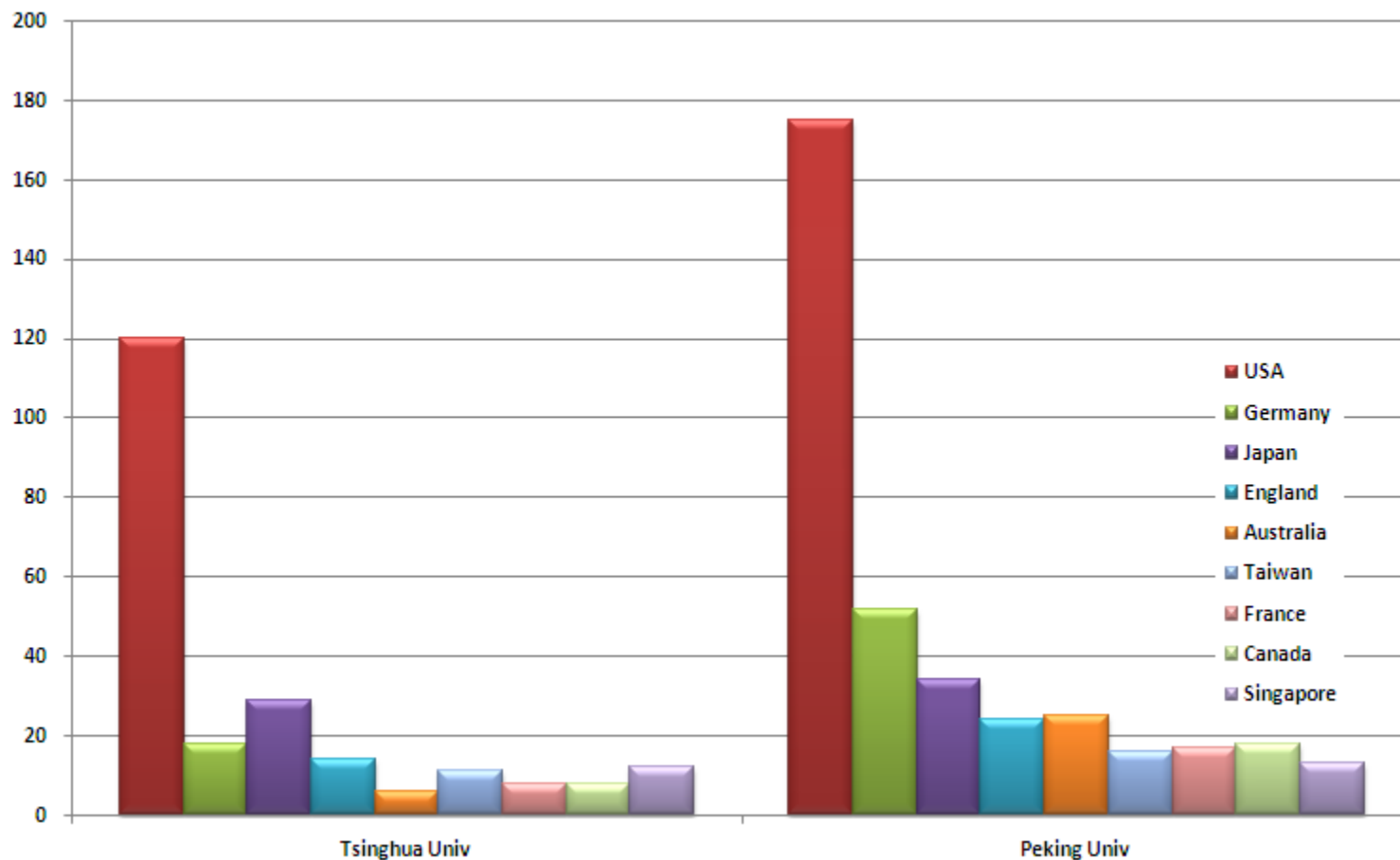


# 学科产出对比



TDA  
Report

# 国际合作对比



# 演讲提纲

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- 科学计量学与引文分析
- Web of Science—科学研究与科研管理的重要工具
- 如何评估本机构的科研产出和影响力？
- 如何寻找学科关键人才？
- 如何评估某篇论文的影响力？
- 如何评估技术成果？
- 分析软件的综合利用
- 小结

# Web of Science

## 在科研管理人员的工作中

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- 进行科研成果的评价与分析
  - 学科科研成果的评估
  - 人才引进的评估
  - 国家、教育部重点实验室的评估
  - 验收项目或鉴定成果
- 为开展学位点的申报提供服务
- 开展国际合作研究
- 开展与企业的合作研发
- 科研成果转化的管理与促进

# Web of Science 在图书馆员的工作中



## 为学校的教学科研开展深层次信息咨询服务

- 帮助科研人员尽快获得科技信息资源
- 帮助科研人员进行投稿期刊的选择
- 报道本机构的每年度SCI/SSCI、ISTP论文收录情况和分析其科研影响力
- 提供论文收录及引用检索报告，为职称申报、学位点的申报、国家、教育部重点实验室申报、基金申请、科研成果的评价提供服务
- 方便图书馆人员自身申请软课题



**谢谢!**

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